

LEAN IN DESIGN FORUM

MAY 31-JUNE 1 • CHICAGO, IL

Target Value Delivery

MAY 31-JUNE 1 2017



Lean
Construction
Institute
Transforming the Built Environment



P2SL

David and Summer Umstot, Umstot Project and Facilities Solutions, LLC

May 31, 2017

Agenda for the Day



- **Introductions - 15 minutes**
- **Target Value Design (Delivery) – An Overview – 90 minutes**
- **Short break – 10 minutes**
- **Sample Project Overview – 15 minutes**
- **Value Proposition Group Exercise – 30 minutes**
- **Value Satisfaction Brainstorming – 30 minutes**
- **Group Conceptual Design – 60 minutes**
- **Lunch – 60 minutes**
- **Vote for Best Conceptual Design – 10 minutes**
- **Develop Budgets for System Clusters – 20 minutes**
- **Cluster Groups by Major Systems – Round 1 (3 concepts with costs) – 45 minutes**
- **Group Report Out on Costs – Project Target Cost Assessment -30 minutes**
- **Break – 15 minutes**
- **Cluster Groups by Major Systems – Round 2 – 30 minutes**
- **Group Report Out on Costs – Project Target Cost Assessment – 30 minutes**
- **Takeaways – 10 minutes**
- **Plus/Delta – 5 minutes**

Lean Construction Institute

Provider Number H561



Target Value Delivery Workshop

053117TVDHW

David and Summer Umstot

Umstot Project Facilities & Solutions, LLC

May 31, 2017



7.5 LU | HSW Credit(s) earned on completion of this course will be reported to **AIA CES** for AIA members. Certificates of Completion for both AIA members and non-AIA members are available upon request.

This course is registered with **AIA CES** for continuing professional education. As such, it does not include content that may be deemed or construed to be an approval or endorsement by the AIA of any material of construction or any method or manner of handling, using, distributing, or dealing in any material or product.

Questions related to specific materials, methods, and services will be addressed at the conclusion of this presentation.



Course Description

Target Value Design (Delivery) is a disciplined management practice that is used throughout project definition, design, detailing, construction, commissioning and activation to assure that the facility meets the operational needs and values of the users, is delivered within the allowable budget, and promotes innovation throughout the process to increase value and eliminate waste. Participants in this course learn about real-life experiences to open their mind to new ideas about innovation, constraints, and prototyping. They will learn how to drive innovations into a project within constraints and understand the importance of continual cost estimating in giving power to the end users to add value. At the end of the course, participants will understand the parameters and have methods for structuring TVD within their projects. In this interactive hands-on workshop, participants will use a mock project at Beloit College with a \$32M target cost to learn the specific steps in successfully implementing target value design (delivery).



Learning Objectives

1. Participants in this workshop will learn how to collaborate with design, trade and construction partners to enhance the value proposition on a project within a fixed budgetary constraint.
2. Participants in this workshop will learn how to interactively coordinate real time pricing with design to meet project requirements within project constraints.
3. Participants will recognize and understand the importance of early specialty trade involvement. They will understand the importance of continual cost estimating of projects to enable designers to more effectively make informed decisions communicate value adds to the end users.
4. Participants will understand the parameters and methods for structuring TVD within their projects.



Why Target Value Design?

Traditional Project Design and Delivery
Approaches are Failing at Alarming
Rates!



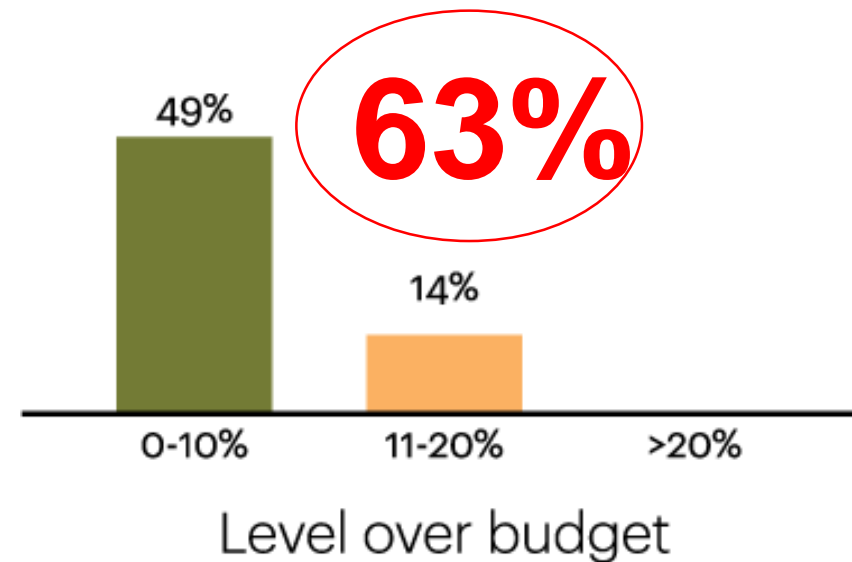
“Danger: Cost overruns and delays possible. Scope not yet fully settled. Price to be determined later.” – Richard Korman, ENR Viewpoint January 25, 2016



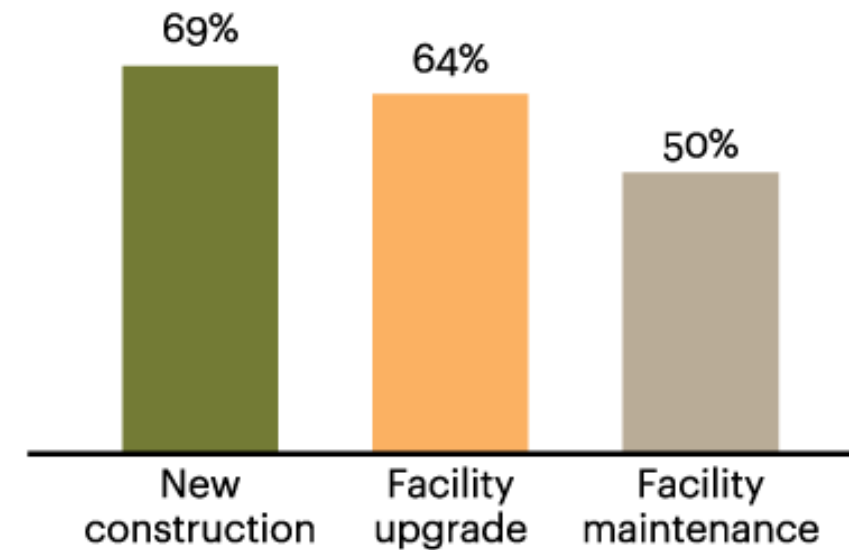
Capital Projects' Budget Performance



% of projects



Projects over budget
(%, by project type)

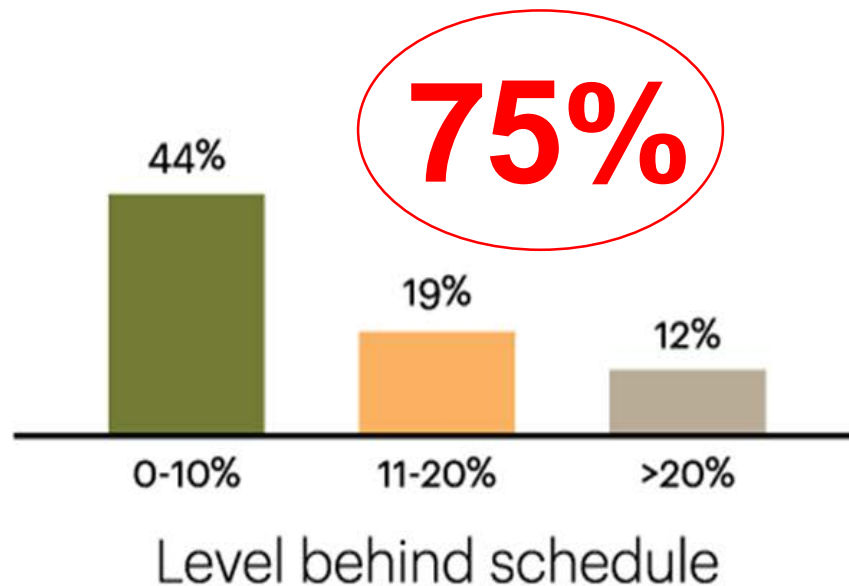


Source: A.T. Kearney Excellence in Capital Projects II study, 2012

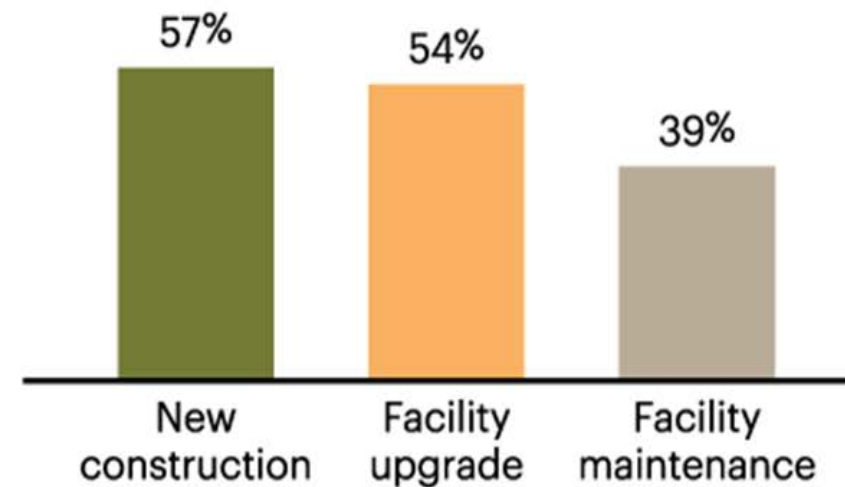
Capital Projects' Schedule Performance



% of projects



Projects behind schedule
(%, by project type)

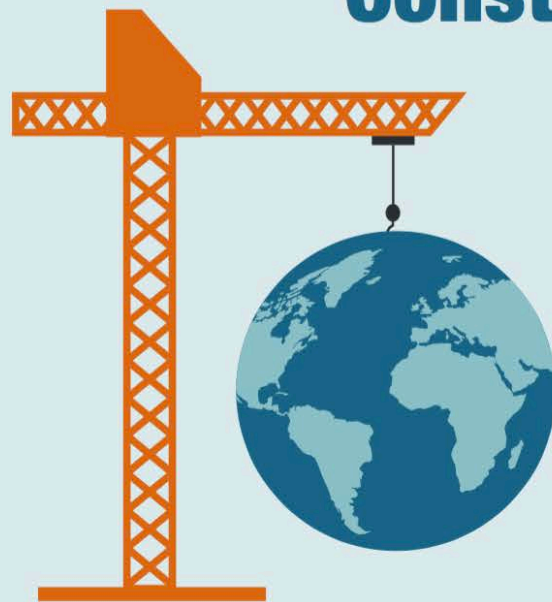


Source: A.T. Kearney Excellence in Capital Projects II study, 2012

The **productivity opportunity** in construction



Construction matters for the world economy ... but has a long record of poor productivity



Construction-related spending
accounts for

13% of the world's GDP

...but the sector's annual productivity
growth has only increased

1% over the past 20 years

\$1.6 trillion of additional value added could be
created through higher productivity,
meeting half the world's infrastructure need

Source: McKinsey (2017)

The Problem w/ Traditional Delivery



Risk is high.



70% of projects are delivered late.



73% of projects are over budget.



Rework and waste is high.



Teamwork is unreliable.



Customers are not satisfied.



Profit margins are shrinking.

“Lean processes bring about improvements not only in cost and delivery but also in quality and safety.”

— World Economic Forum’s *Shaping the Future of Construction: A Breakthrough in Mindset and Technology* (pg. 31).

Source: LCI Transforming Design and Construction 2016

Why Lean?



Construction productivity is declining.



Construction costs are skyrocketing.



Injuries are too high.

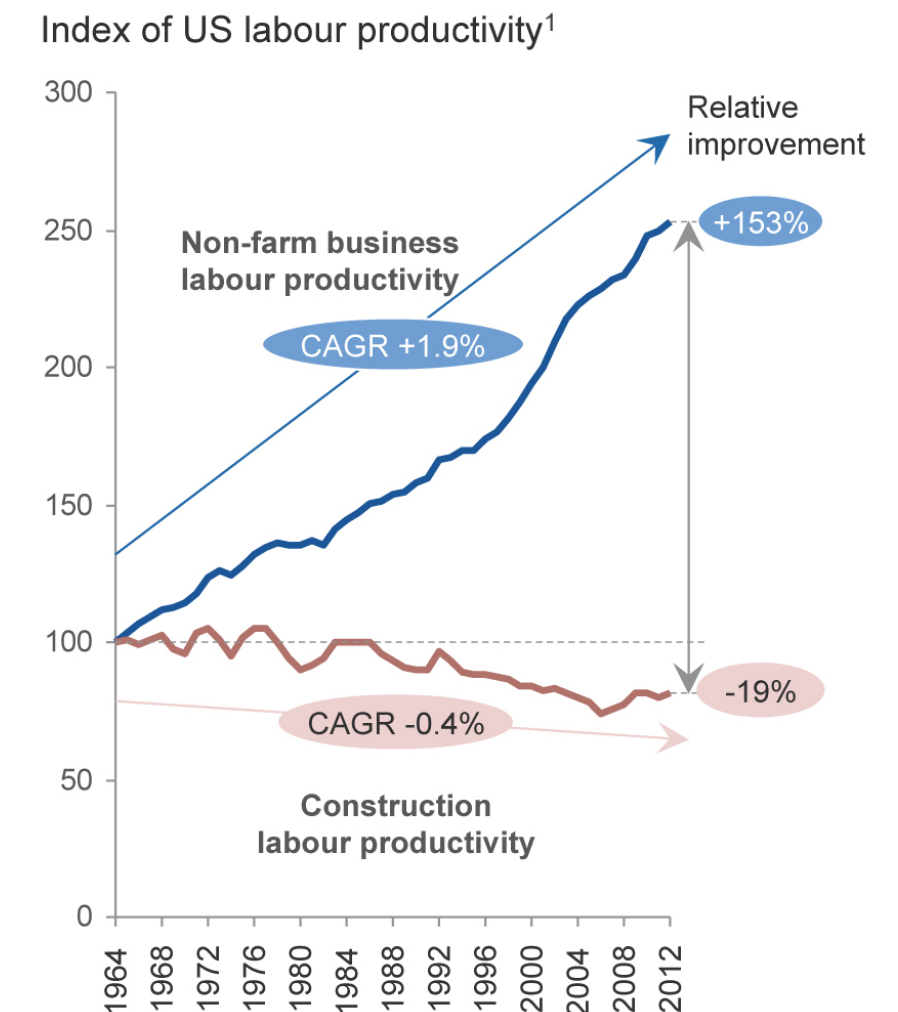


Traditional planning systems are unable to produce predictable workflows.



Workflow reliability directly affects speed and cost of projects.

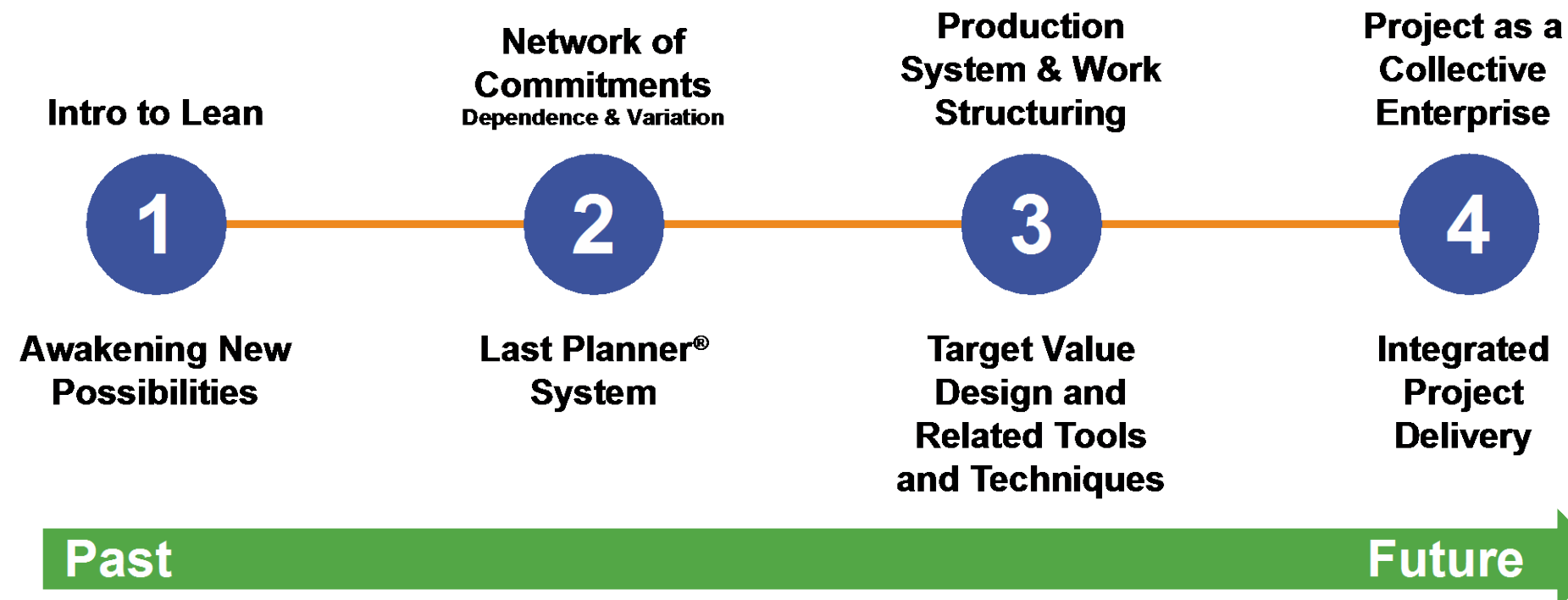
Figure 3: US Industry Productivity and Performance, 1964-2012²⁸



What is Lean?



“Producing what is needed, when it is needed, with the minimum amount of time, materials, equipment, labor and space.”



Lean *is* about:

Focusing on value
Eliminating waste
Continuous improvement

Lean *is not* about:

Cost cutting
Slashing prices
Workforce reductions



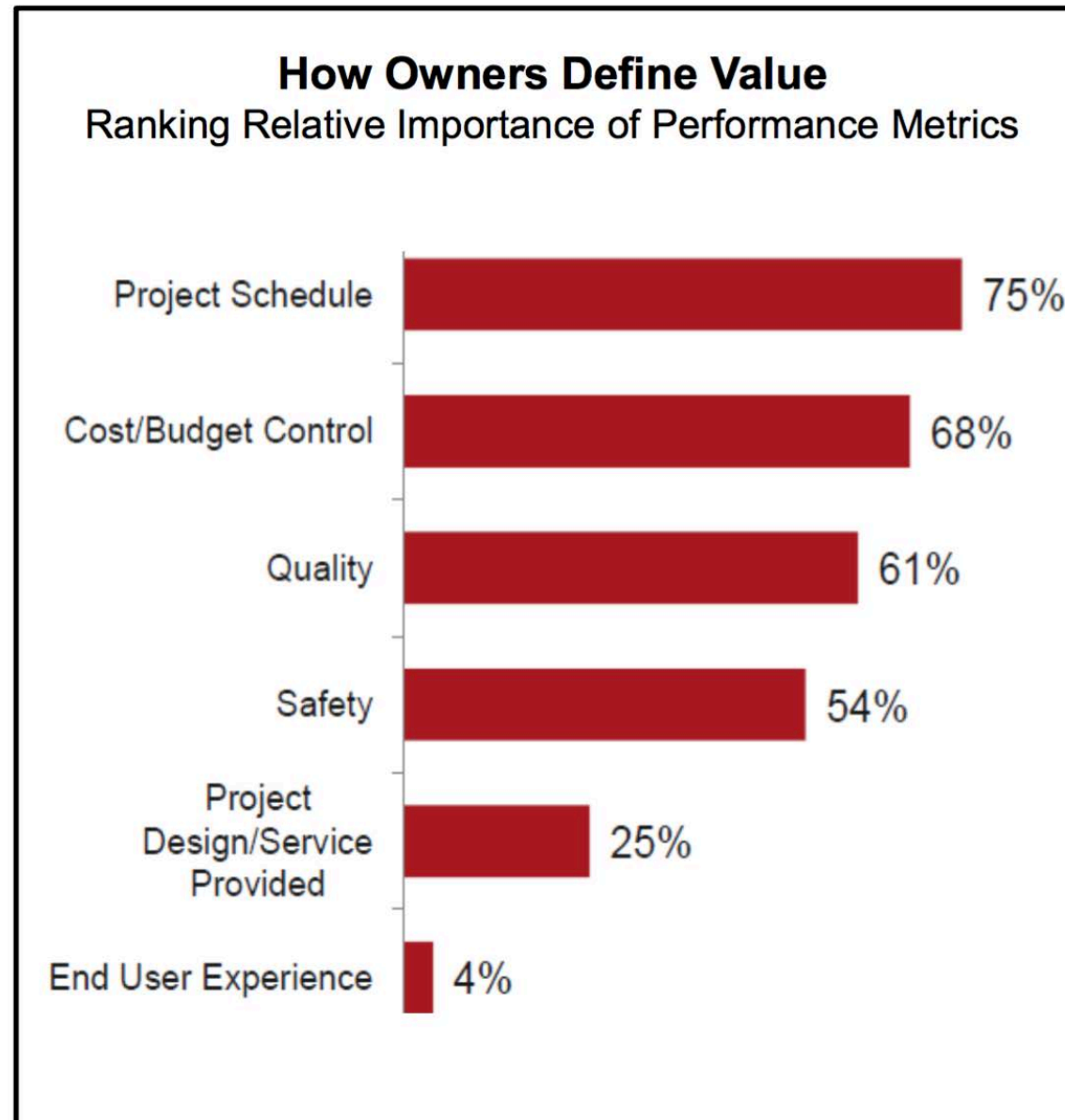
Target Value Delivery (TVD)



“A collaborative team managed design process that is used throughout all stages of design and construction to ensure that projects are delivered within the allowable budget, that projects meet the operational needs and values of the users and that projects promote innovation to increase value and eliminate waste”.

What the customer wants from the process. The customer defines value.

The value definition is composed of statements that describe expected outcomes, or “value” that the project will deliver.

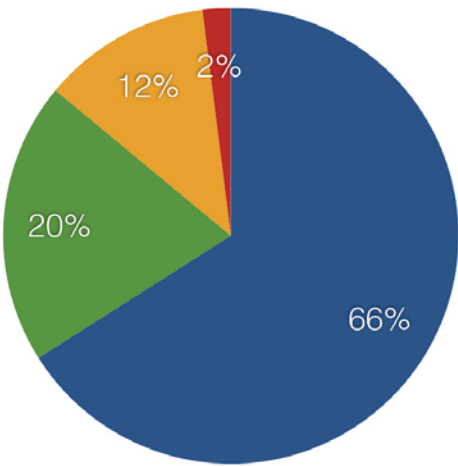


Source: McGraw-Hill (2014)

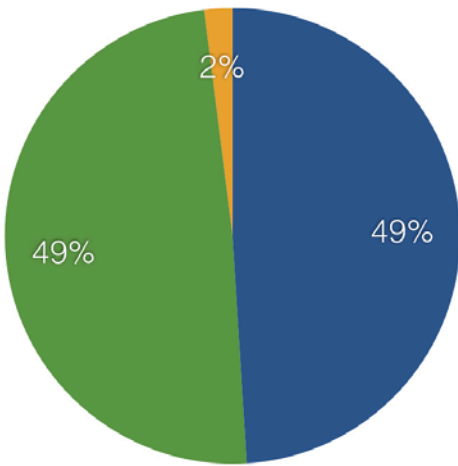
Frequency with Which Projects Meet Expectations



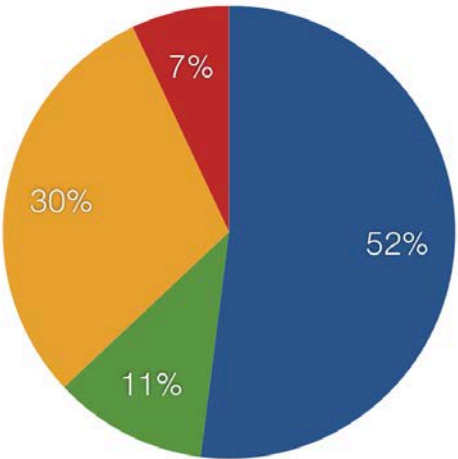
QUALITY
Owners



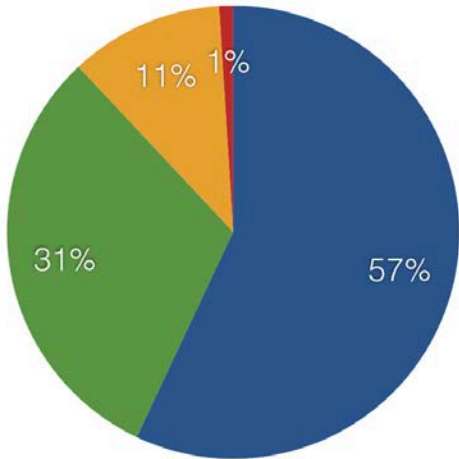
Architects and Contractors



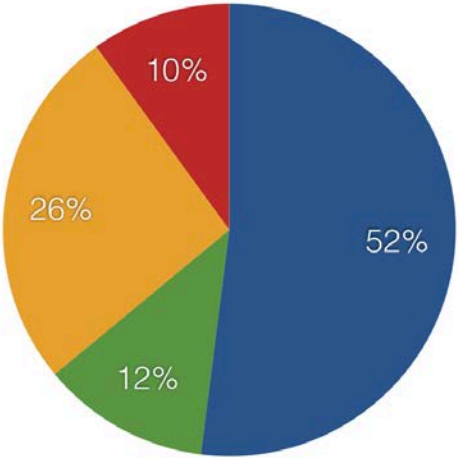
COST
Owners



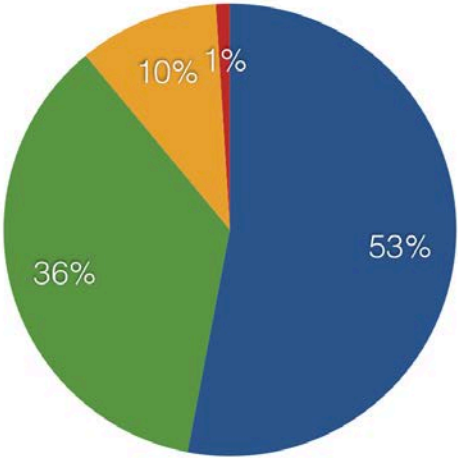
Architects and Contractors



SCHEDULE
Owners



Architects and Contractors



- Always Meets Expectations
- Frequently Meets Expectations
- Sometimes Meets Expectations
- Infrequently/Never Meets Expectations

Source: McGraw-Hill (2014)

“Value is in the eye of the beholder.”



noun: **value**; plural noun: **values**

the regard that something is held to deserve; the importance, worth, or usefulness of something.

verb: **value**; 3rd person present: *consider*
(someone or something) to be important or
beneficial; have a high opinion of.

How does one define value?

1. Iconic Design?
2. Functionality?
3. Sustainable?
4. Beautiful?
5. Appropriate cost?
6. Total cost of ownership?
7. Energy efficient?
8. Net zero?
9. No Disruption?
10. Improved Productivity?

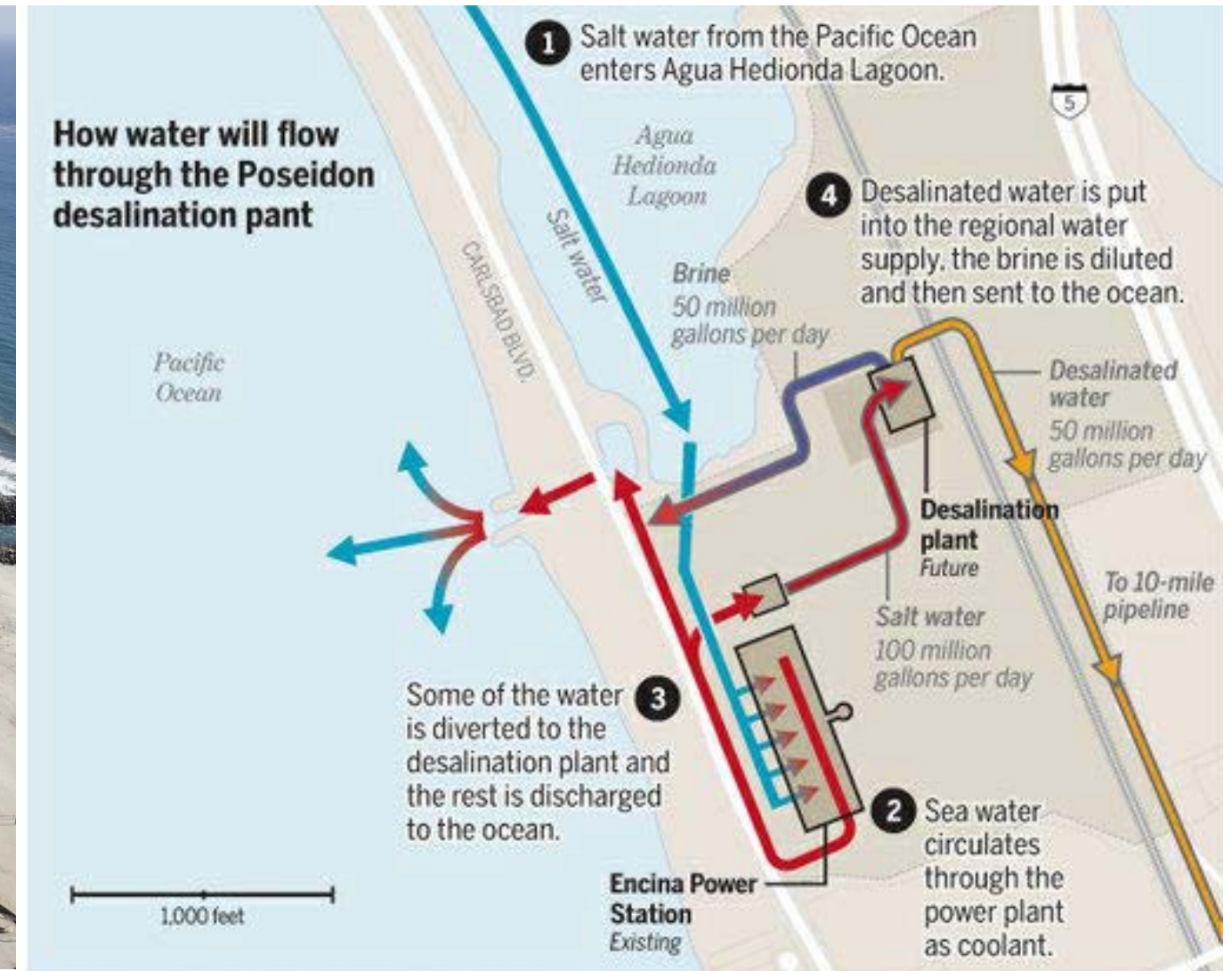
Spaceship 2.0



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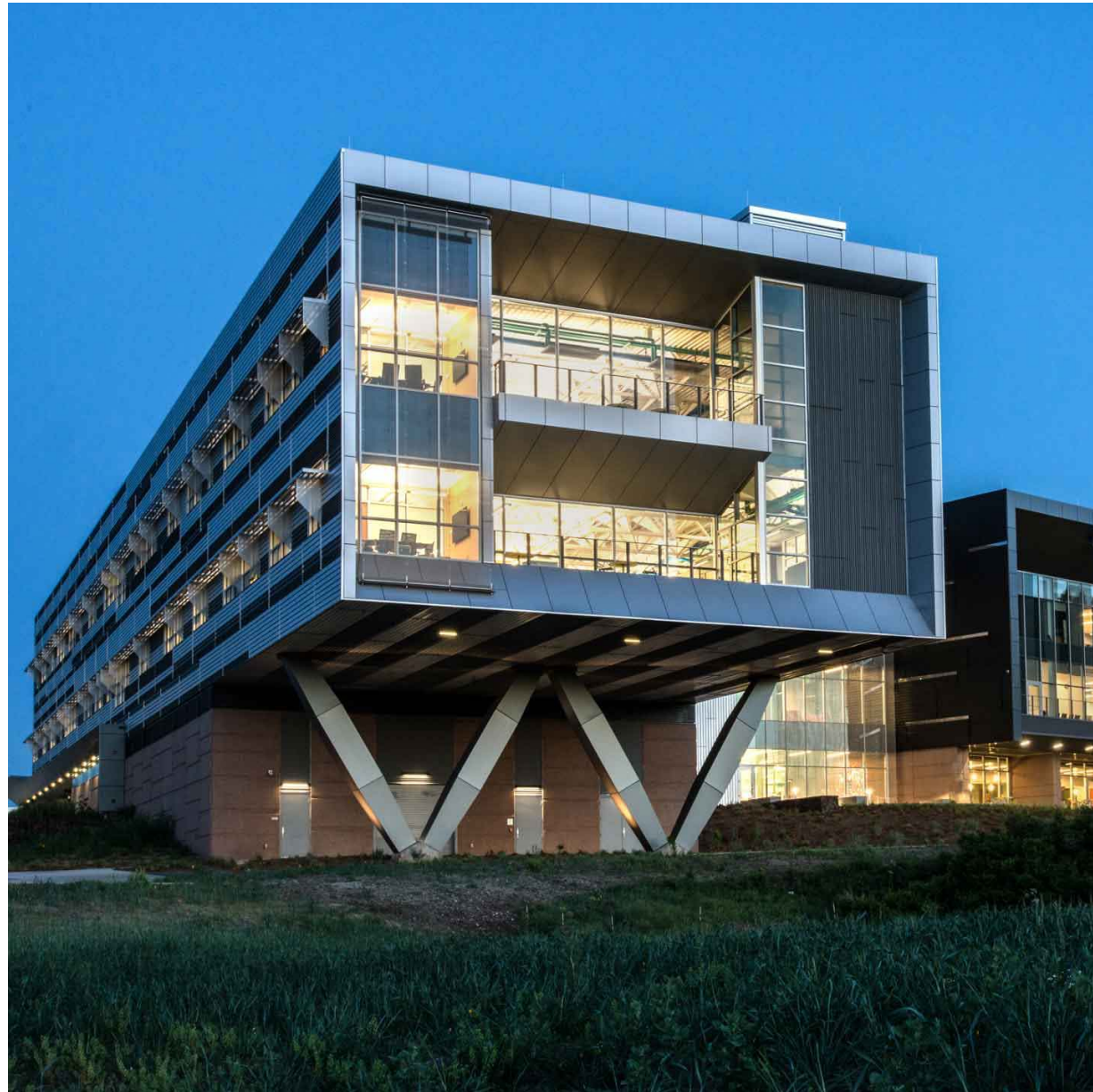
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Poseidon Desalination Plant – San Diego



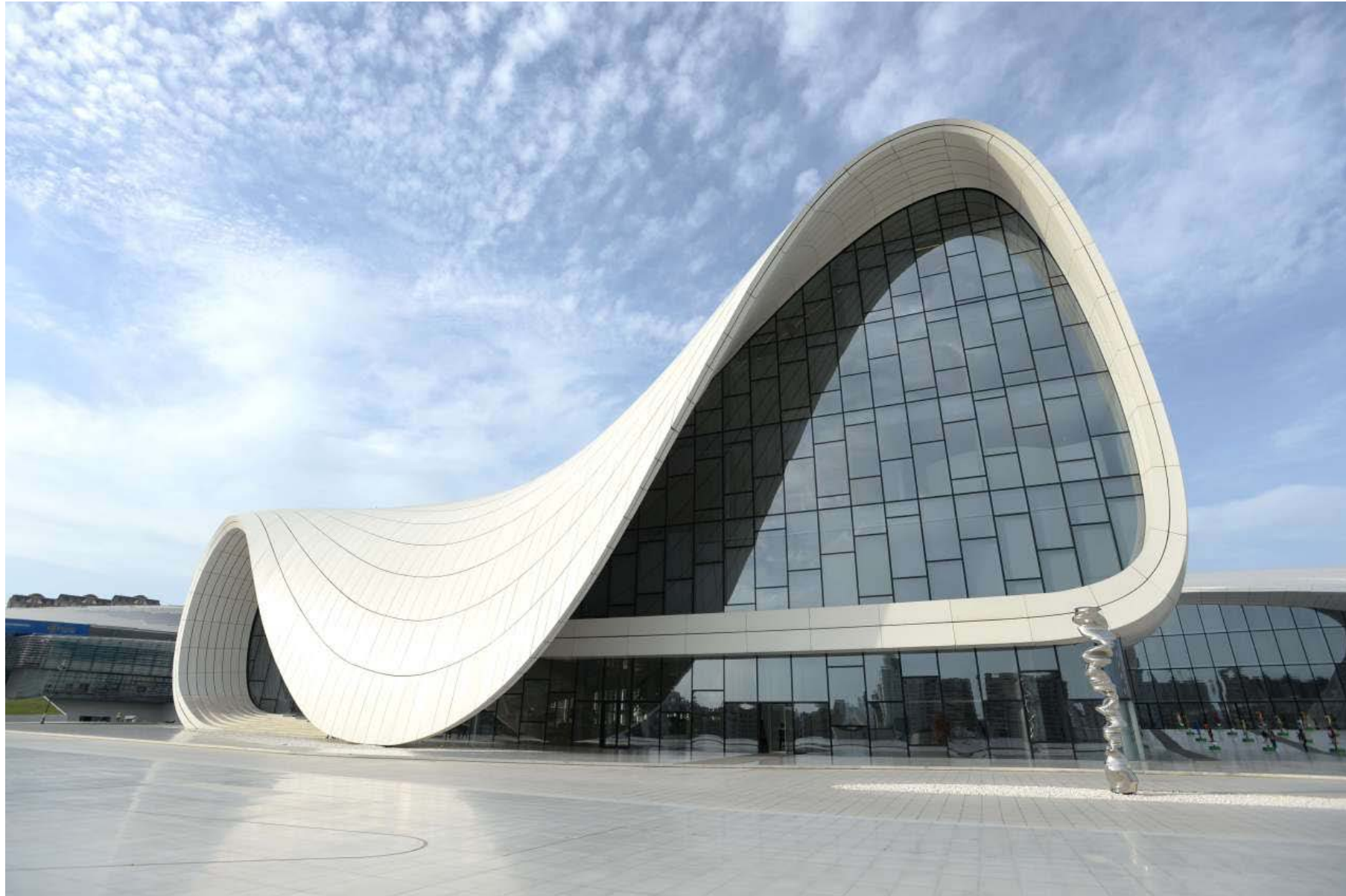
Sources: Poseidon Water; San Diego County Water Authority; SanGIS

U-T

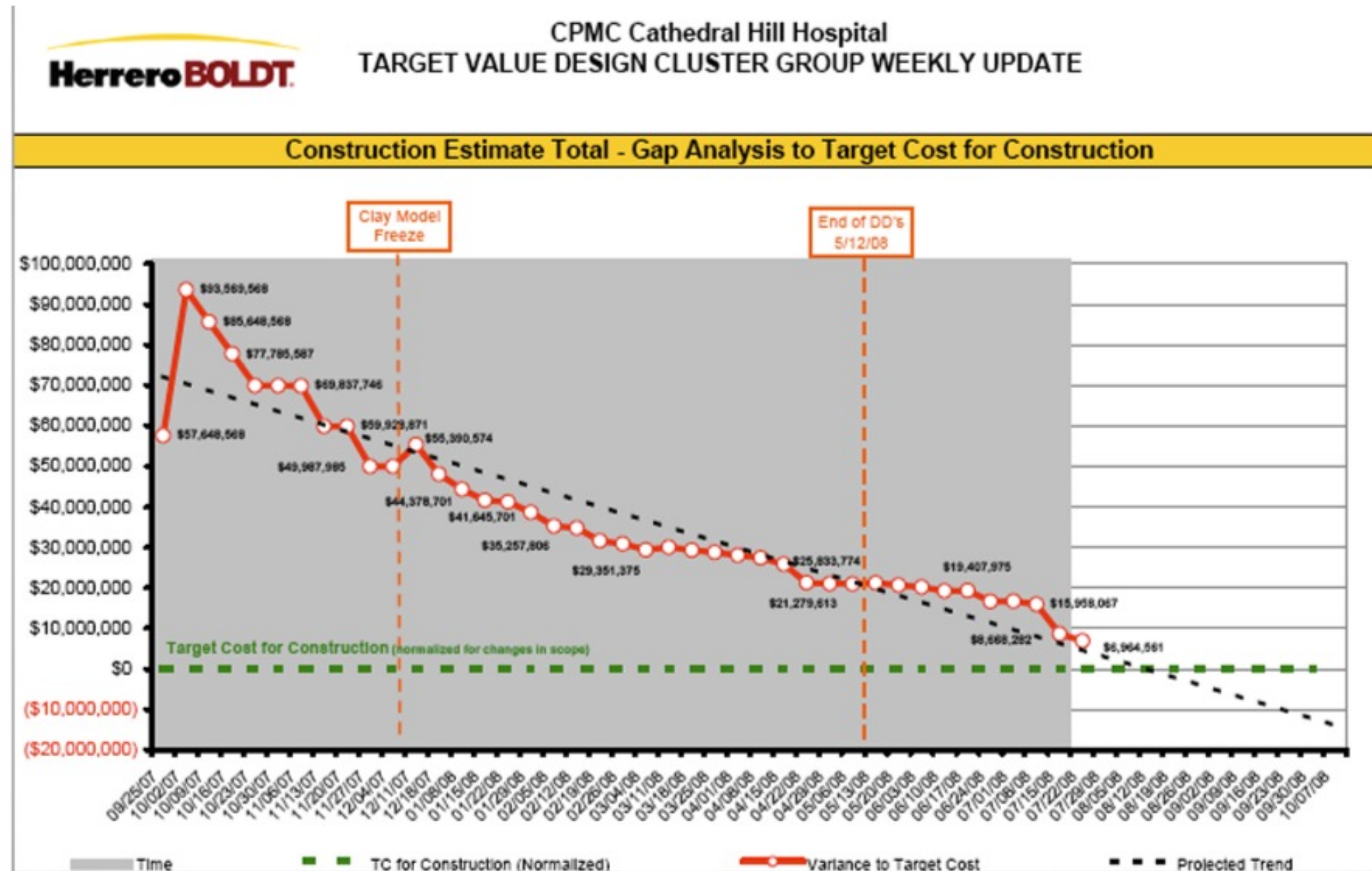


182,500-square-foot LEED
Platinum Energy Systems
Integration Facility

Heydar Aliyev Center, Azerbaijan



The Right Cost for the Business Case



Total Cost of Ownership



The image features a large iceberg floating in a deep blue ocean under a clear sky. The tip of the iceberg, which is visible above the water line, is labeled 'Capital Costs'. The much larger, submerged portion of the iceberg is labeled 'Operational Costs', illustrating that operational costs are the majority of the total cost of ownership.

Capital Costs

Operational Costs

Halley VI Antarctic Research Station



Bullitt Center, Seattle



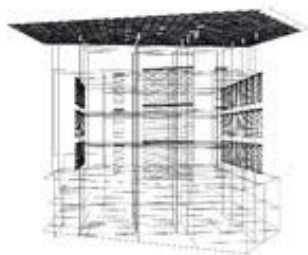
BUILDING LIFE CYCLE



250 YEAR STRUCTURE
HEAVY TIMBER, CONCRETE & STEEL

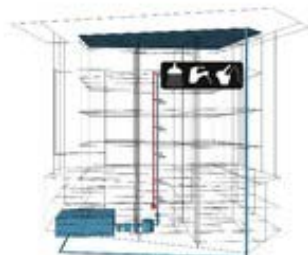


50 YEAR SKIN
HIGH PERFORMANCE ENVELOPE

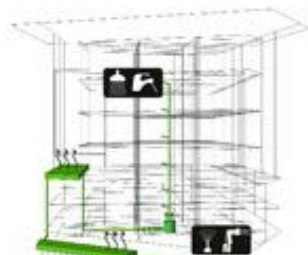


25 YEAR TECHNOLOGY
ACTIVE SOLAR CONTROL
PHOTOVOLTAICS

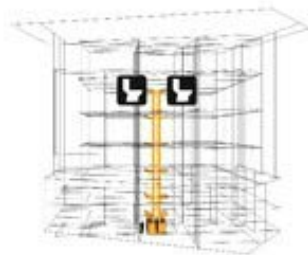
NET ZERO WATER



RAINWATER COLLECTION
100% DEMAND MET ON SITE
50,000 GALLON CISTERN

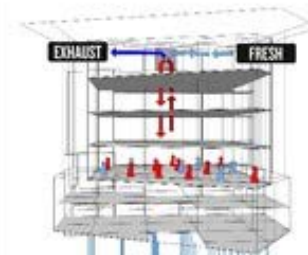


GREYWATER
100% TREATMENT ON SITE
EVAPOTRANSPIRATION & INFILTRATION

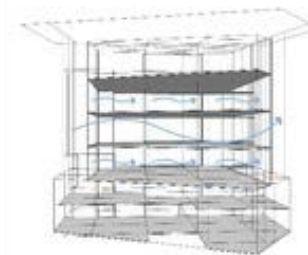


WASTE COMPOST
100% TREATMENT ON SITE

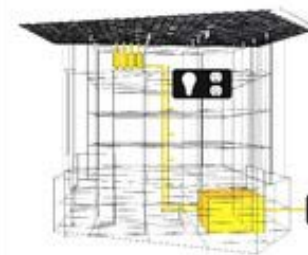
NET ZERO ENERGY



MECHANICAL
GROUND SOURCE HEAT EXCHANGE
RADIANT HEATING/COOLING
HEAT RECOVERY AIR SYSTEM

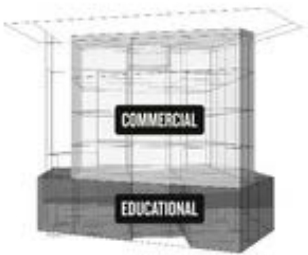


NATURAL VENTILATION
NIGHT FLUSH & OPERABLE WINDOWS

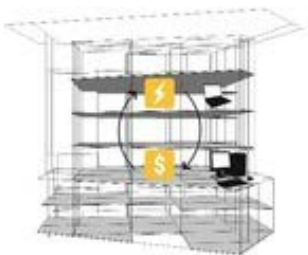


ENERGY
100% RENEWABLE ON SITE
GRID USED AS BATTERY

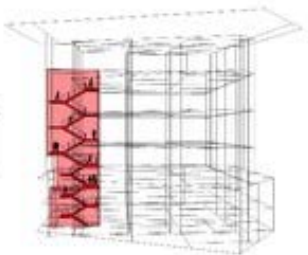
OCCUPANT



PROGRAM
OCCUPANCY
PRIVATE USERS ABOVE, PUBLIC FOCUS
USERS AT GRADE



INTERNAL CAP & TRADE
EACH TENANT HAS AN ENERGY BUDGET;
UNUSED ENERGY CAN BE TRANSFERRED



IRRESISTIBLE STAIR
ELEVATOR ALTERNATIVE, HEALTHIER
OCCUPANTS, ENGAGEMENT WITH STREET

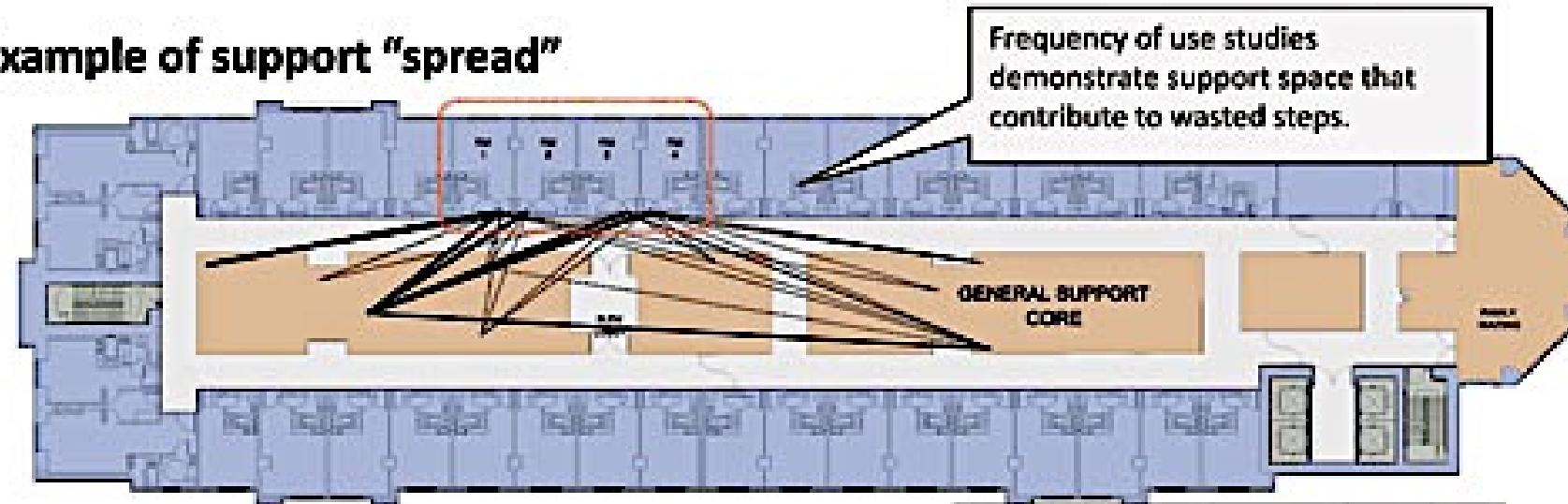
Business Continuity/Energy Efficiency/Renewable Energy



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Example of support “spread”



Example of clustering support

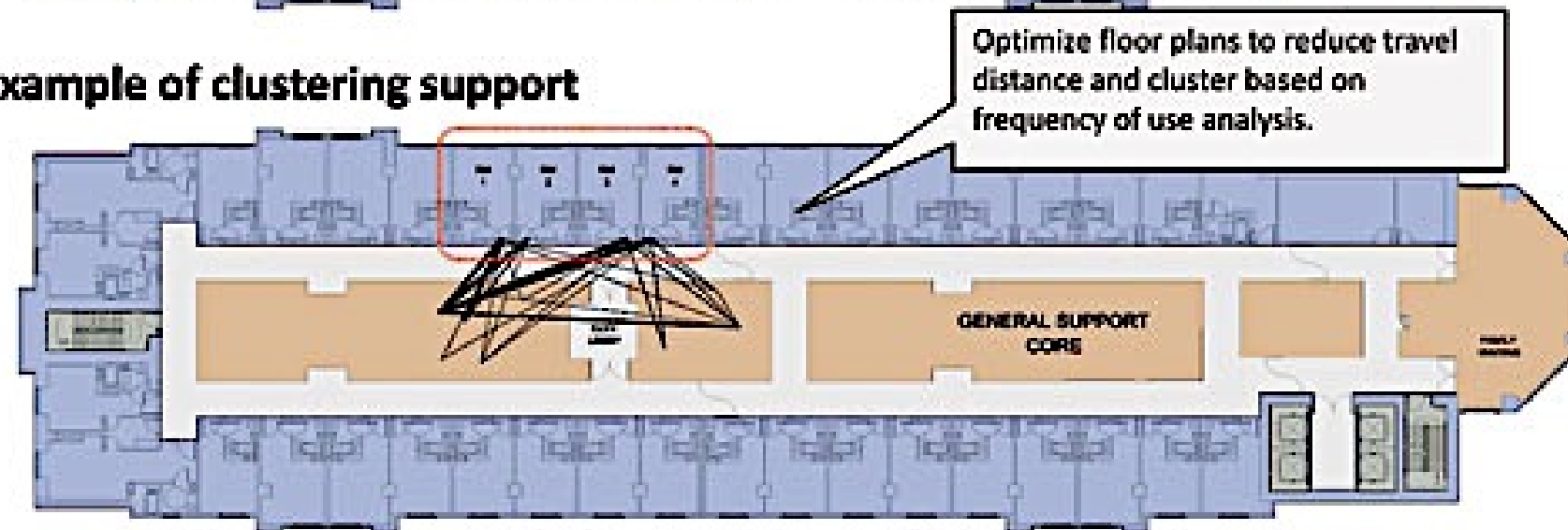


DIAGRAM COURTESY OF HEALTH STRATEGIES & SOLUTIONS, INC.

Understanding value through the eyes of the customer yields excellence!

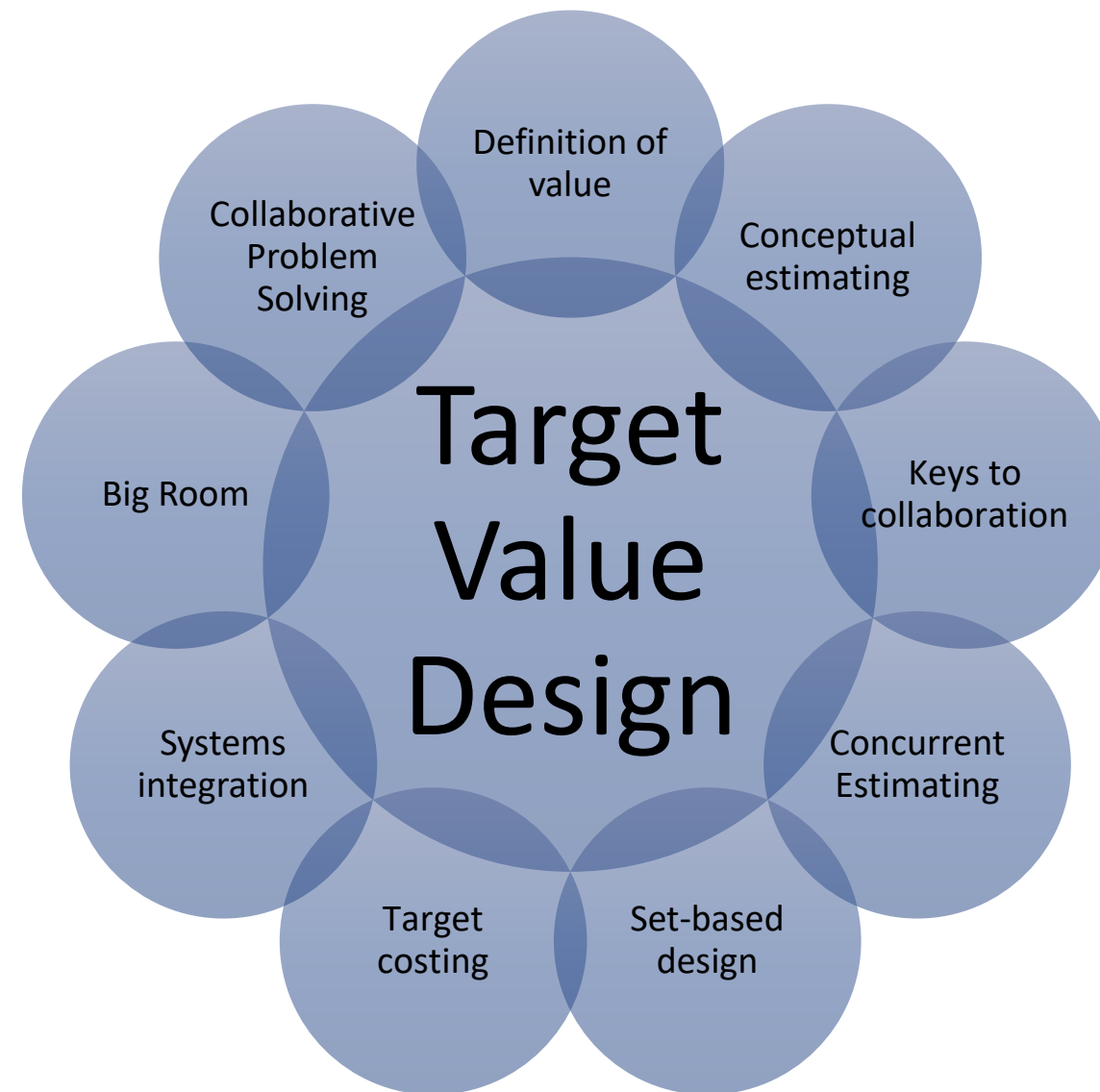
Customer Satisfaction



Who's Using Target Value Design?



Elements of Target Value Design



- Developing the value proposition
- From values to program
- From program to interactive design
- From interactive design to selecting design options
- From design options to TVD clusters
- From clusters to systems and pricing
- To fully developed package



Project Team and Sub-Teams

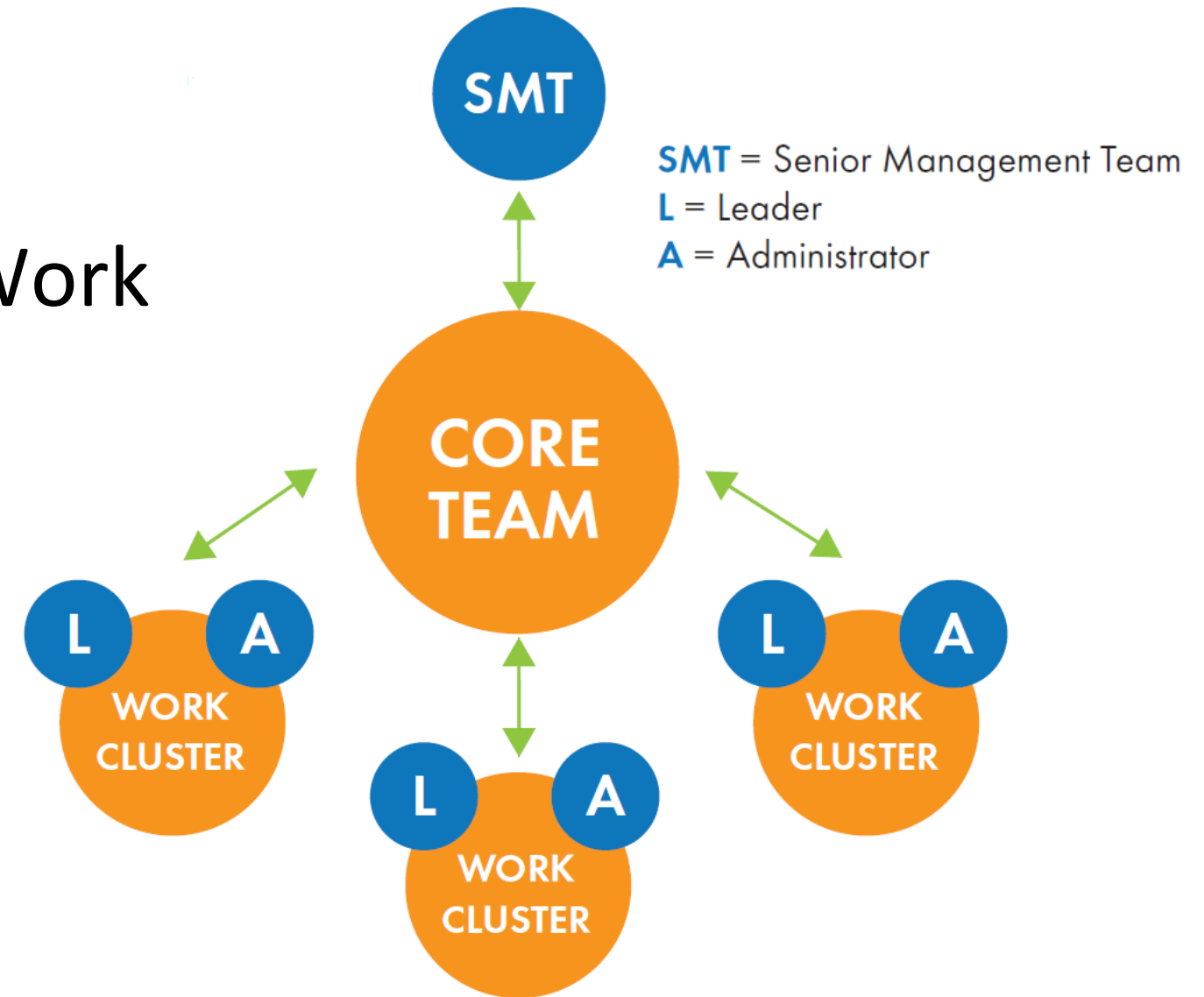
Core Team

Senior or Executive Management Work

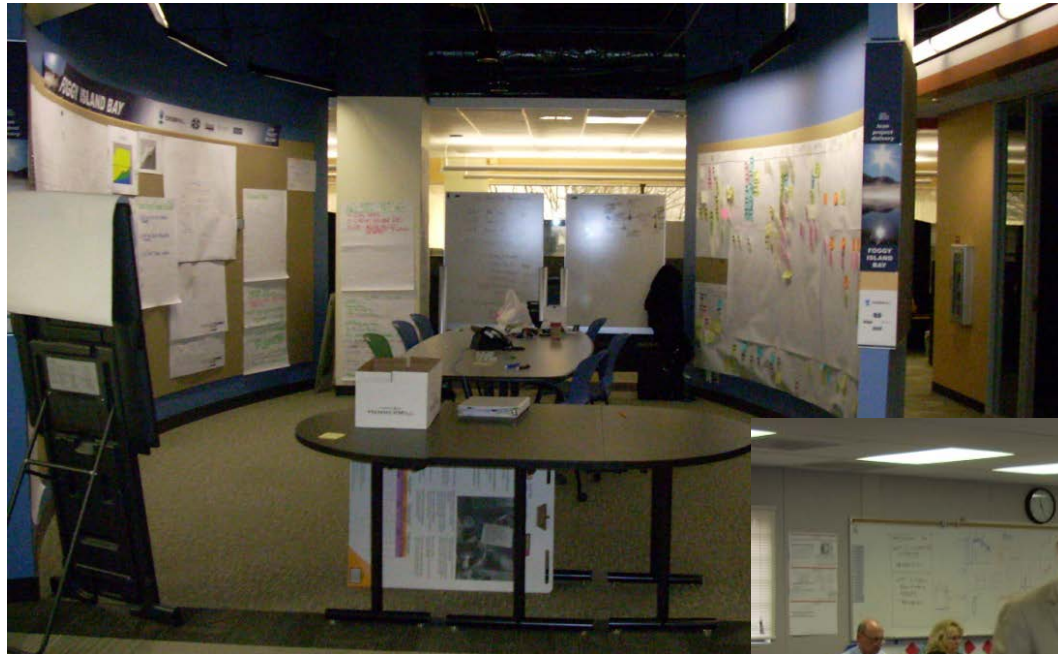
Clusters

Cross-discipline

Stakeholder Representation



Big Room



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Big Room – What?

- Mindset
- Intense focus on advancing work
- Refers to the behaviors & actions of team
- Its about the collaborative behavior of a team and the work they are producing

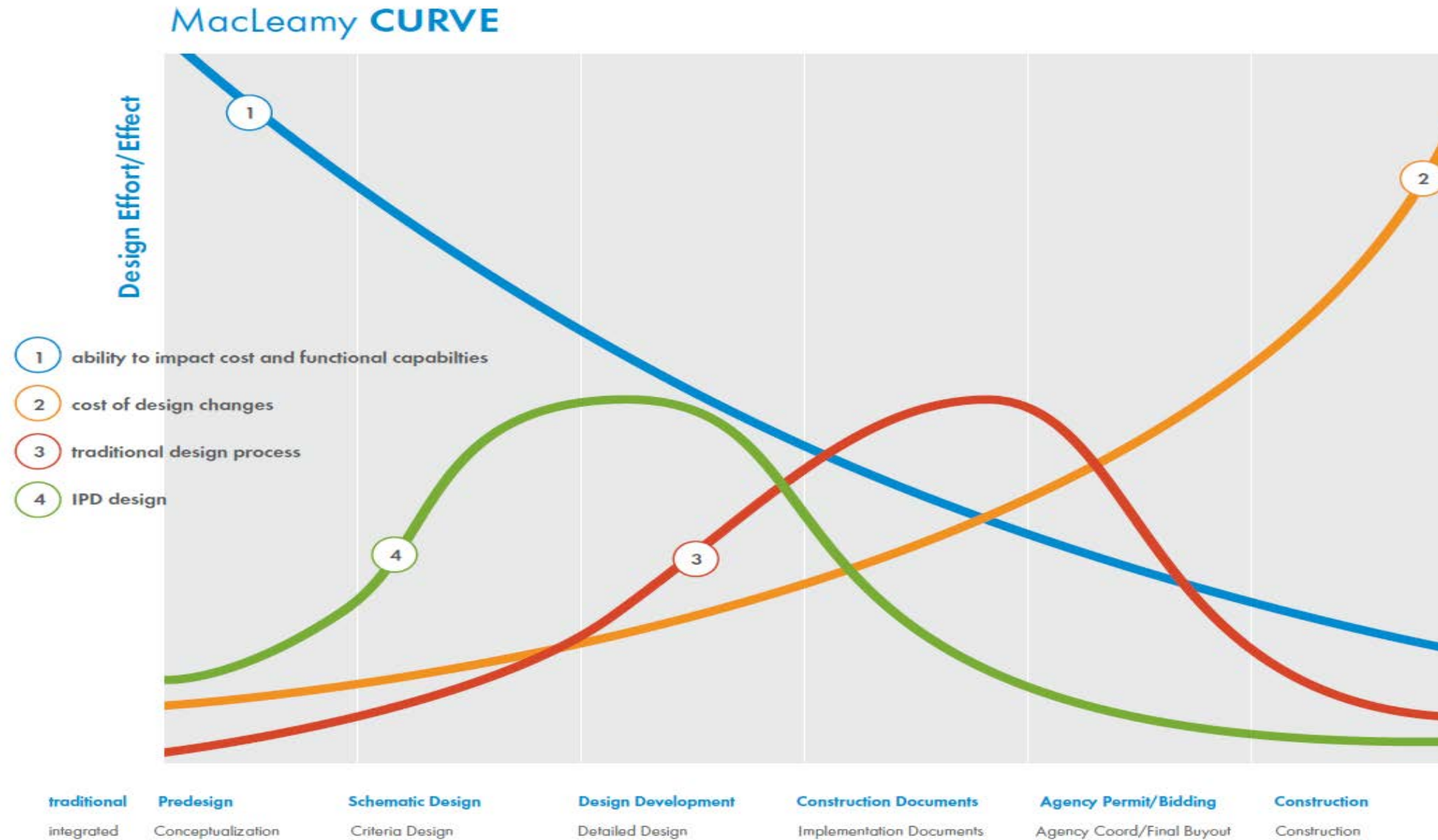


Effective Big Room

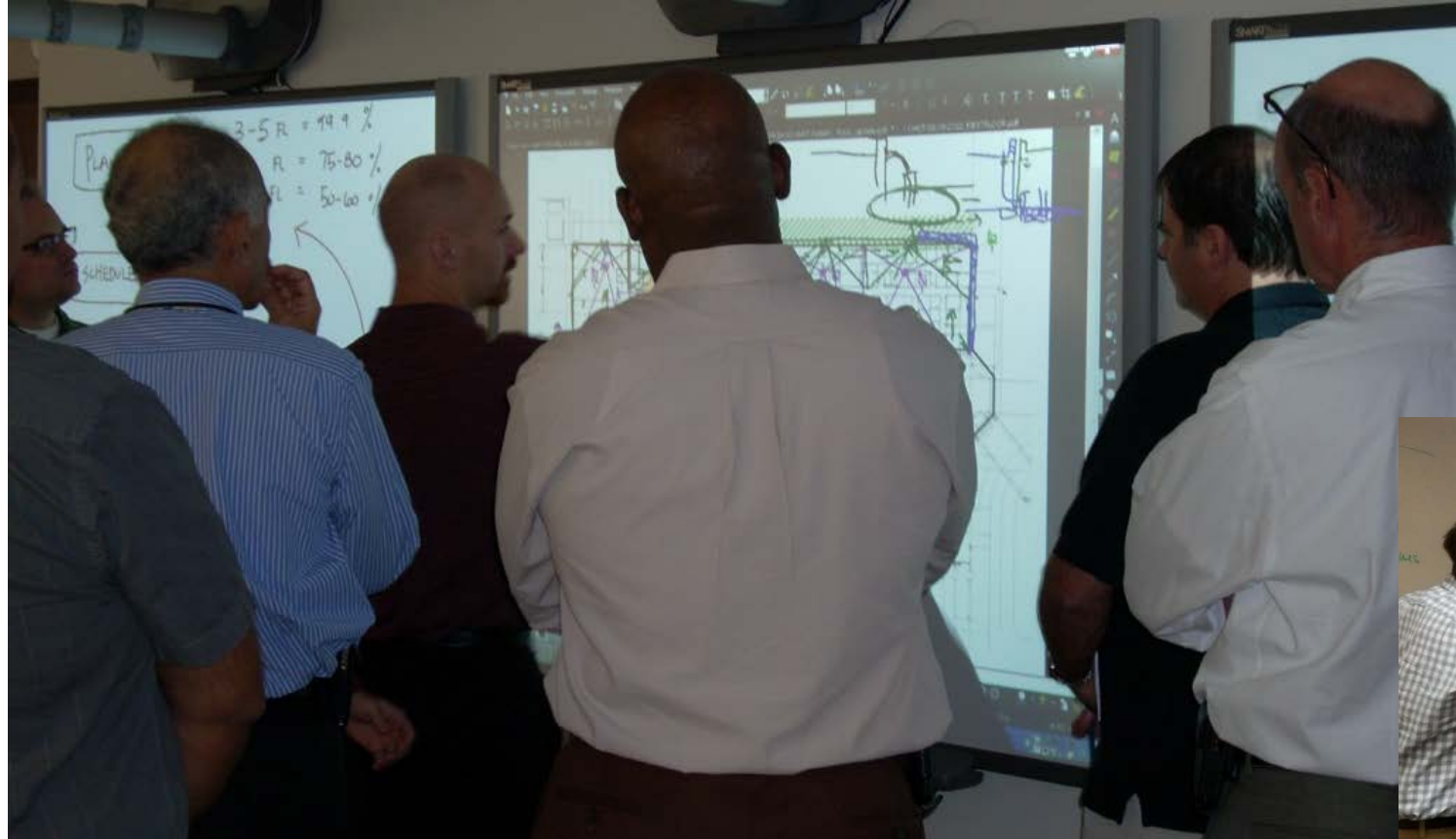
- Foster behavior leading to high performing team
- Adds significant value
- Drives down overall project costs
- Rapid advancement of work in short time frame
- Less rework and less waste
- Collaborative brain power together



The MacLeamy Curve



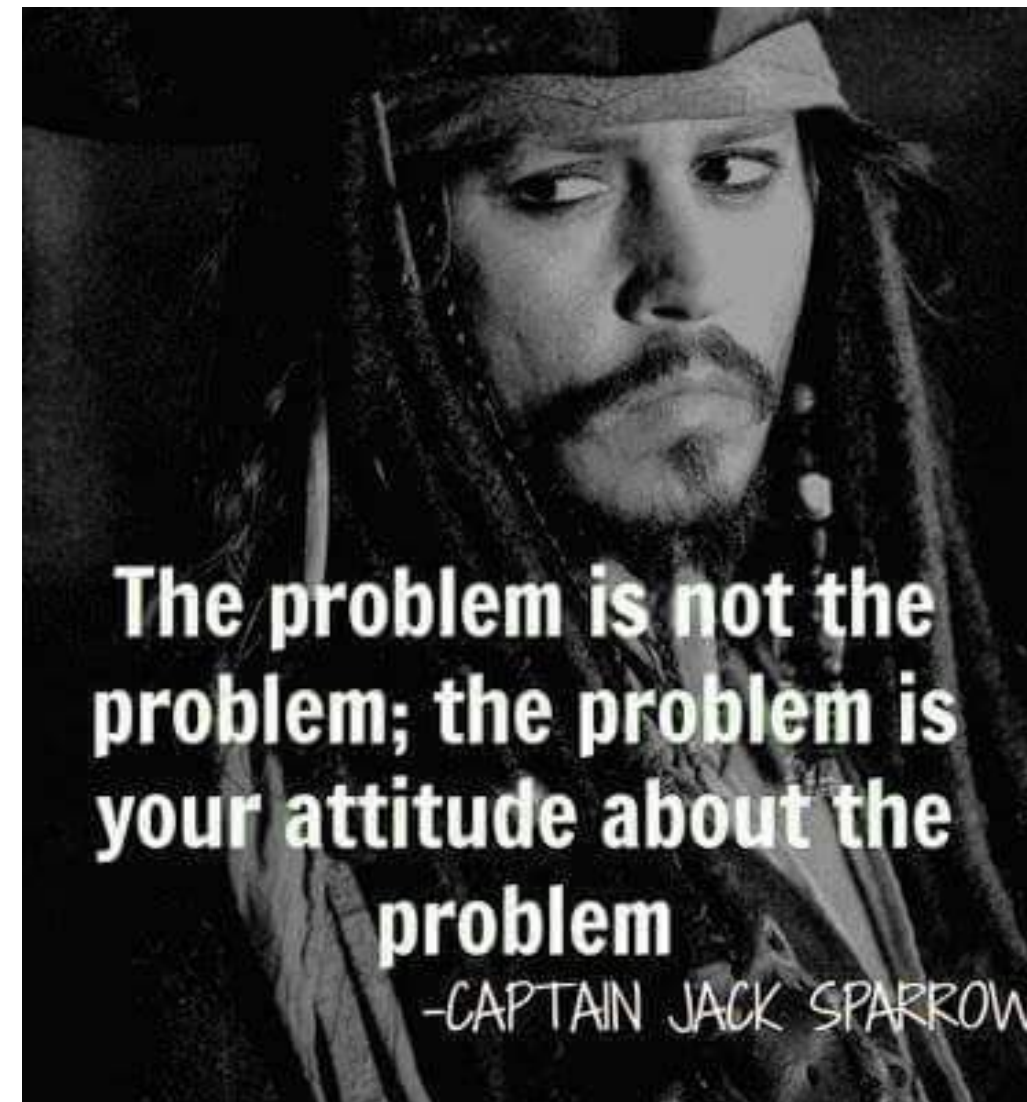
Collaborative Design Conversation



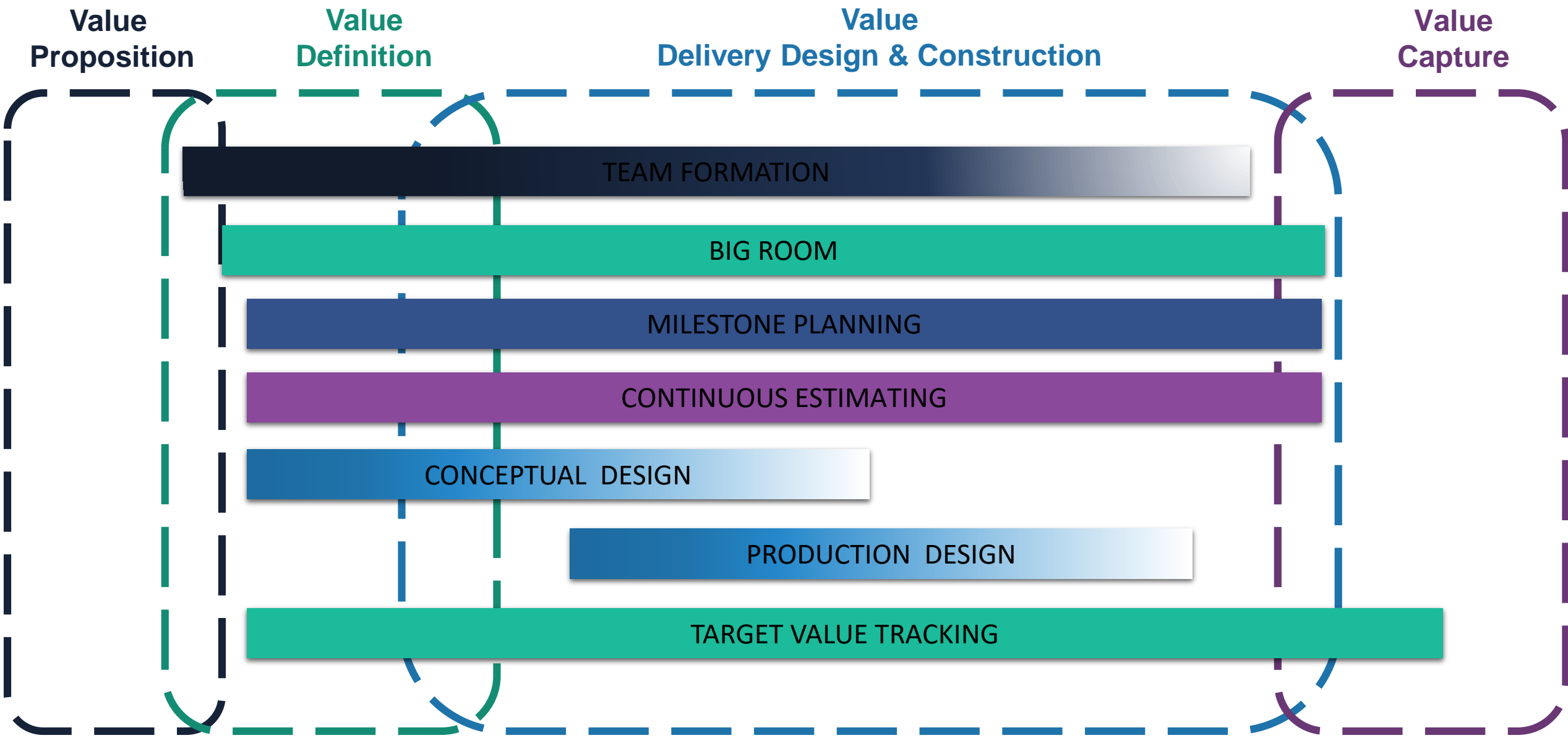
Problem Solving



Collaborative Problem Solving



Target Value Delivery Phases & Components



DESIGN, THEN ESTIMATE VS. TVD



Traditional

Cost as an output of design

Wait till I'm finished; don't bother me mentality

Time consuming manual quantity take-off

Early commitment to design solutions

Design, then calculate cost of design

Tabular cost estimates and reports for owners

Integrated

Cost as an input to design

Share information early and often

Rapid model based estimating

Carry multiple solutions sets forward as long as possible

Provide cost feedback to concepts rather than drawings

Graphical display posted for all to see

Conditions of Satisfaction (CoS)

- Language Act of Making a Promise
- CoS are **measurable** statements that tell the project delivery team what tests a project must pass to be accepted as a **success**.
- No – **compromise goals** – This *YET* That
- Informs **decision-making** for team
- Post in Team Space – Keep Active



When to Set the Target Cost?

- Early in the project process.
- Don't wait until you start construction!!!

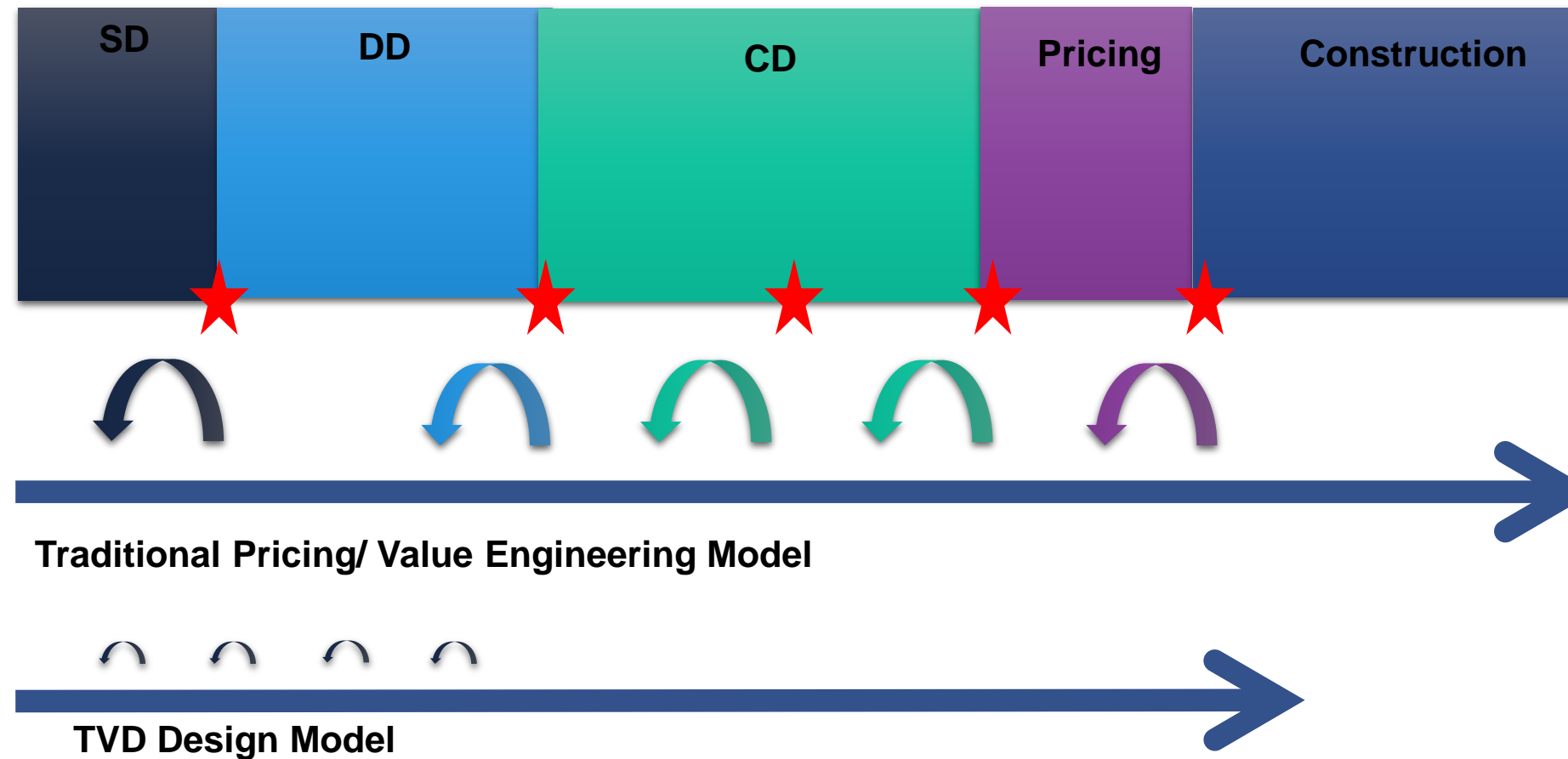


How to Set the Target Cost?

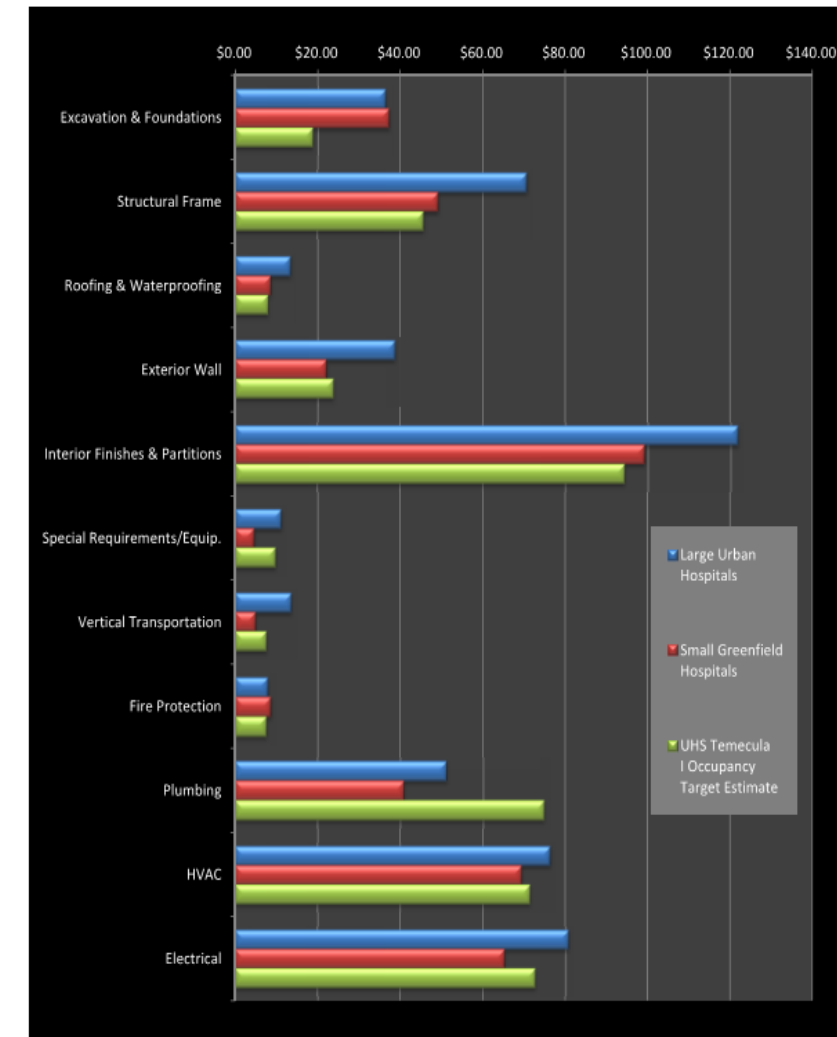


- Clearly understand the value proposition and prioritization.
- Don't pick numbers out of the air without a firm business case understanding.
- Estimates based on past performance are embedded with waste. Set a target that strives to eliminate some of the embedded waste. 20% is not uncommon.
- Have the core team members buy in to setting the target cost.
- Eliminate individual buffers (waste) in historic estimating models.
- Have the right players on the core team that are empowered to make financial commitments on behalf of their organization.

Design Phase Pricing Model



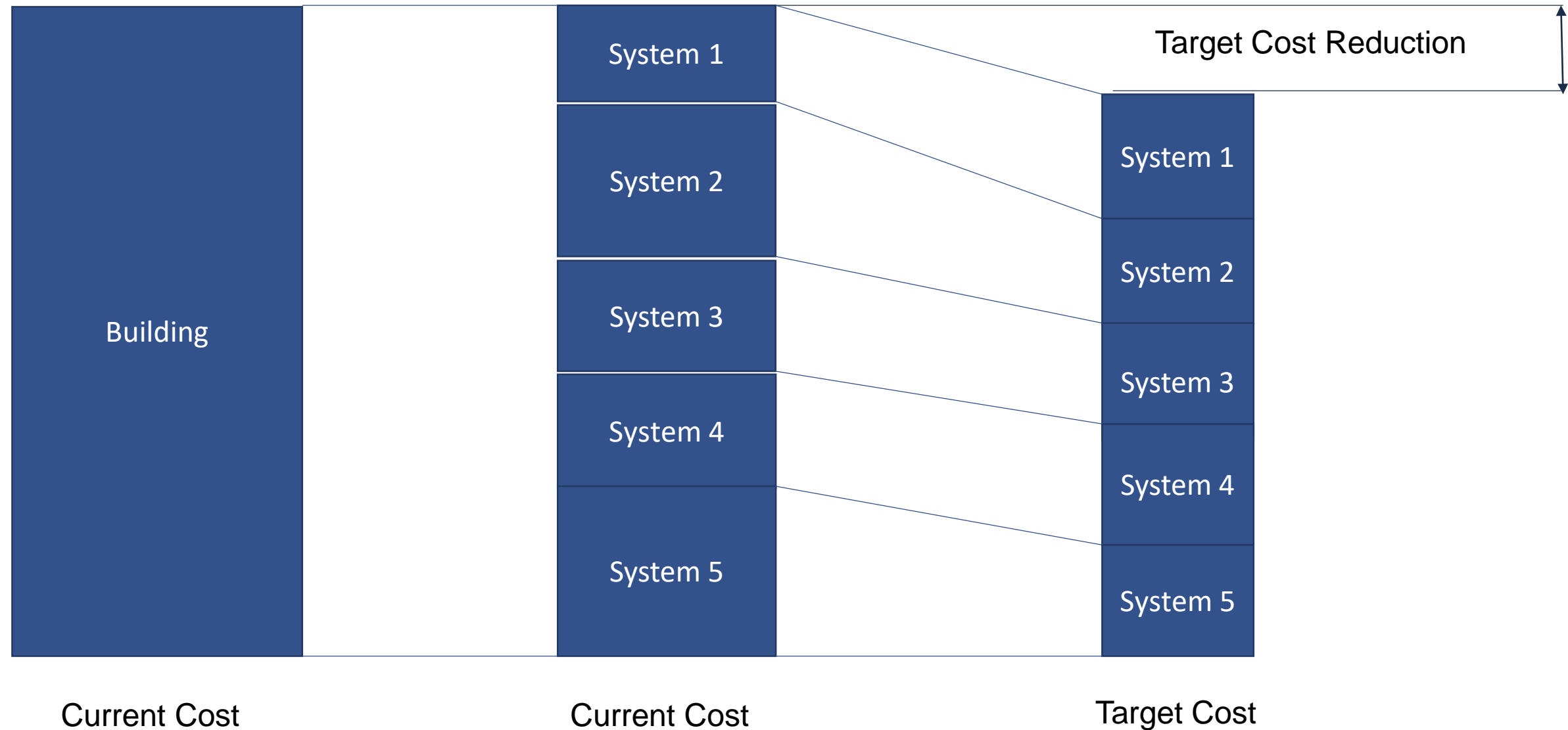
- Develop detailed **Cost Model**
 - Clear schedule of values
- Measure against **benchmarks**
- Design to the **estimate** vs. estimating a design



- Collaboratively develop **Path to Target & Risk Mitigation Plans**
- Have collaborative **design** conversation
- Make decisions after considering **sets**
- Collaboratively make decisions in context of **whole**



How Multiple Systems Interact to Target Cost



Path to Target



Trade	Estimate	Target	Probable	Savings
Concrete	\$3,504,798	\$3,200,000	\$3,200,000	-\$304,798
Steel	\$4,355,000	\$4,350,000	\$4,355,000	\$0
Millwork	1,933,550	\$1,668,000	\$1,596,362	-\$337,188
Window	\$856,589	\$913,500	\$1,077,545	\$220,956
Stucco	\$1,194,187	\$930	\$1,027,725	-\$166,462
Doors	\$1982,988	\$1,785,000	\$1,900,000	-\$82,988
Kitchen Equip	\$1,200,000	\$1,200,000	\$1,100,000	-\$100,000
P-tube	\$314,700	\$283,000	\$283,000	-\$31,700
	\$15,746,812	\$14,579,500	\$14,789,632	-\$957,180

Risk Mitigation



Risk	Estimate \$	Level
City Development Plan & Architectural Review process delays	\$30,000	Med
Community response to project during planning commission	\$10,000	Low
Shared parking requirements with TMC	\$250,000	Low
Program & scope changes	\$100,000	High
Material cost escalation (5%)	\$100,000	High
Procurement of remaining traders & partners	\$80,000	Low
Total	\$570,000	

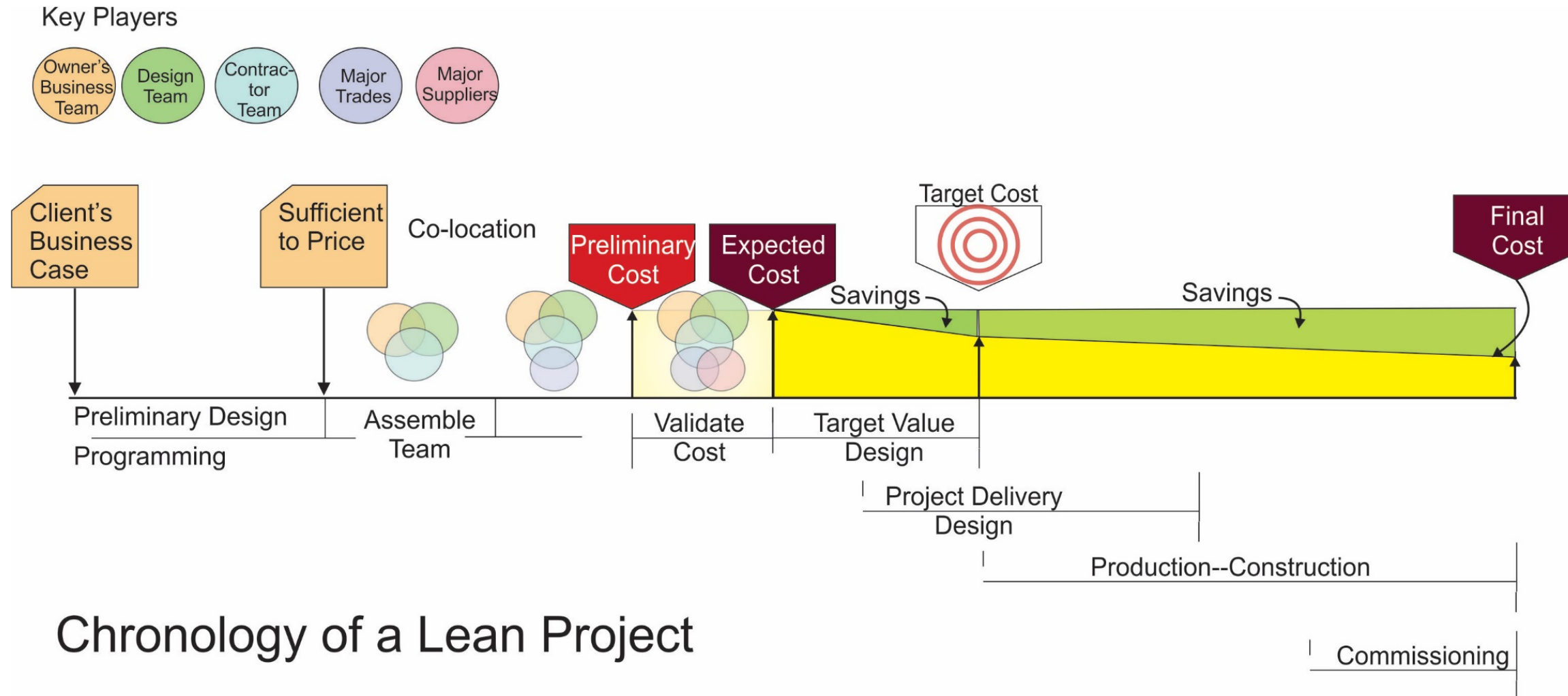
Target Value Tracking Activities

- Target Cost Tracking Transparency
- Risk Identification
 - Mitigation strategy
 - Cost
 - Rank
- Path Back Identification



Photo Credit: InsideOut Consulting, Inc.

Target Value Design



Chronology of a Lean Project

Dick Bayer, updated March 2, 2011

© Dick Bayer

UCSF Block 23A Target Cost Model

RUDOLPH & SLETTEN, INC.

TARGET COST MODEL COMPARISON #1
UCSF BLOCK 25A - FACULTY OFFICE BUILDING

ARCHITECT: WRNS STUDIO DATE: 30-Apr-12
LOCATION: SAN FRANCISCO, CA BLDG. AREA: 266,000

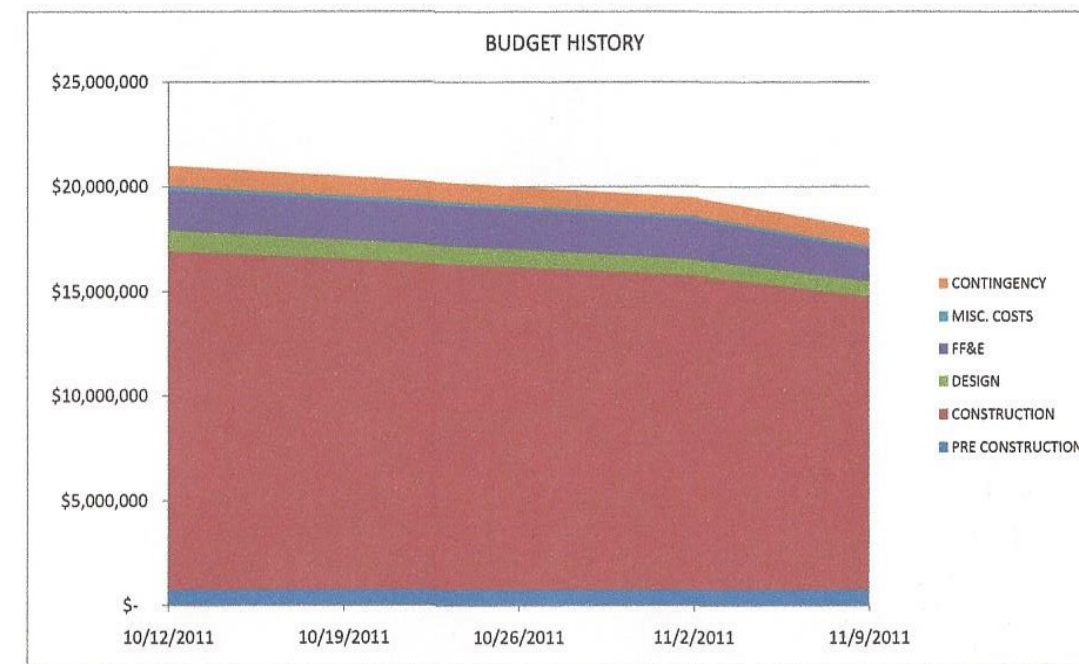
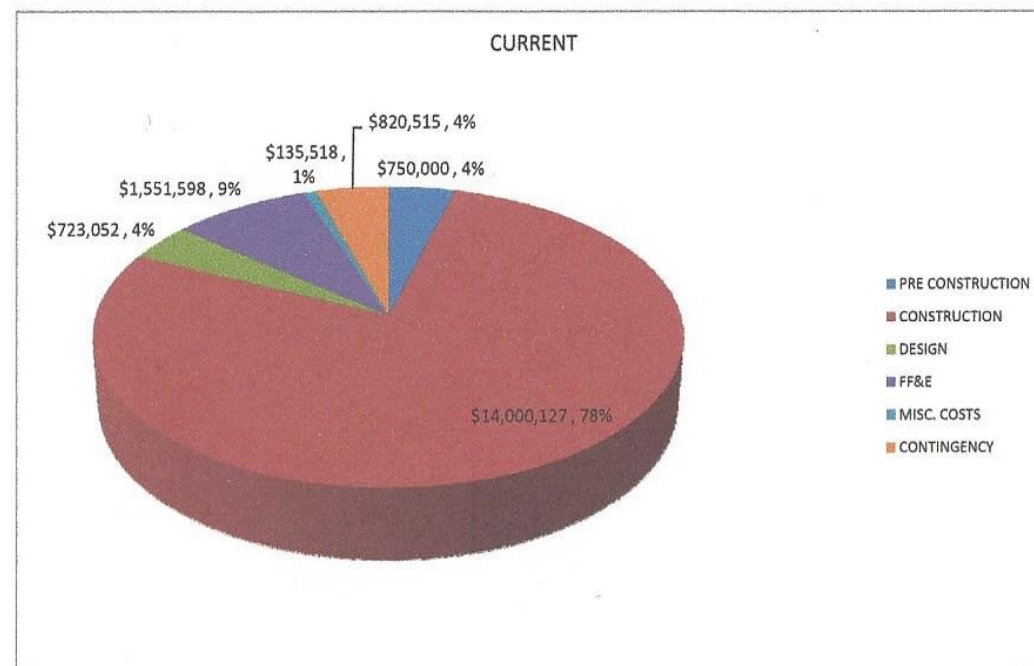
DESCRIPTION	CURRENT COST COST	COST/SF	TARGET COST COST	COST/SF	TARGET REDUCTION
FOUNDATIONS	\$3,099,495	\$11.65	\$3,000,000	\$11.28	\$99,495
SUBSTRUCTURE	\$2,530,910	\$9.51	\$2,500,000	\$9.40	\$30,910
SUPERSTRUCTURE	\$10,896,350	\$40.96	\$9,800,000	\$36.84	\$1,096,350
EXTERIOR ENVELOPE	\$8,065,300	\$30.32	\$8,000,000	\$30.08	\$65,300
ROOFING	\$737,500	\$2.77	\$737,000	\$2.77	\$500
INTERIOR CONSTRUCTION	\$10,061,826	\$37.83	\$10,000,000	\$37.59	\$61,826
OFFICE FURNITURE SYSTEMS	\$6,000,000	\$22.56	\$4,500,000	\$16.92	\$1,500,000
ELEVATORS	\$1,625,000	\$6.11	\$1,600,000	\$6.02	\$25,000
SPECIAL BUILDING EQUIPMENT	\$210,000	\$0.79	\$200,000	\$0.75	\$10,000
FIRE SPRINKLER SYSTEMS	\$1,376,000	\$5.17	\$1,200,000	\$4.51	\$176,000
PLUMBING SYSTEMS	\$1,820,000	\$6.84	\$1,800,000	\$6.77	\$20,000
HVAC, CONTROLS & BALANCING	\$13,000,000	\$48.87	\$11,500,000	\$43.23	\$1,500,000
ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS	\$12,307,900	\$46.27	\$9,000,000	\$33.83	\$3,307,900
LOW VOLTAGE SYSTEMS	\$5,873,750	\$22.08	\$4,000,000	\$15.04	\$1,873,750
3RD PARTY COMMISSIONING	\$0	\$0.00	\$0	\$0.00	\$0
SITWORK CONSTRUCTION	\$1,872,130	\$7.04	\$1,800,000	\$6.77	\$72,130
JOBSITE MANAGEMENT	\$2,000,000	\$7.52	\$2,000,000	\$7.52	\$0
JOBSITE REQUIREMENTS	\$4,655,000	\$17.50	\$4,630,000	\$17.41	\$25,000
BIG ROOM COSTS	\$311,000	\$1.17	\$300,000	\$1.13	\$11,000
PERMIT FEES	\$285,000	\$1.07	\$285,000	\$1.07	\$0
SUBTOTAL	\$86,727,161	\$326.04	\$76,852,000	\$288.92	
DESIGN FEES & CA COSTS	\$7,581,000	\$28.50	\$6,000,000	\$22.56	\$1,581,000
SUBTOTAL	\$94,308,161	\$354.54	\$82,852,000	\$311.47	
DESIGN CONTINGENCY AT 5%	\$4,715,408	\$17.73	\$4,142,600	\$15.57	\$572,808
CONSTRUCTION CNTGNCY. AT 3%	\$2,970,707	\$11.17	\$2,609,838	\$9.81	\$360,869
SUBTOTAL	\$101,994,276	\$383.44	\$89,604,438	\$336.86	
R&S FEE, BOND, INSUR., PRECON	\$4,781,765	\$17.98	\$4,273,782	\$16.07	\$507,983
TOTAL COST	\$106,776,041	\$401.41	\$93,878,220	\$352.93	\$12,897,821
MAXIMUM ACCEPTANCE COST	\$93,880,000				

Courtesy:
Rudolph & Sletten and WRNS Studio

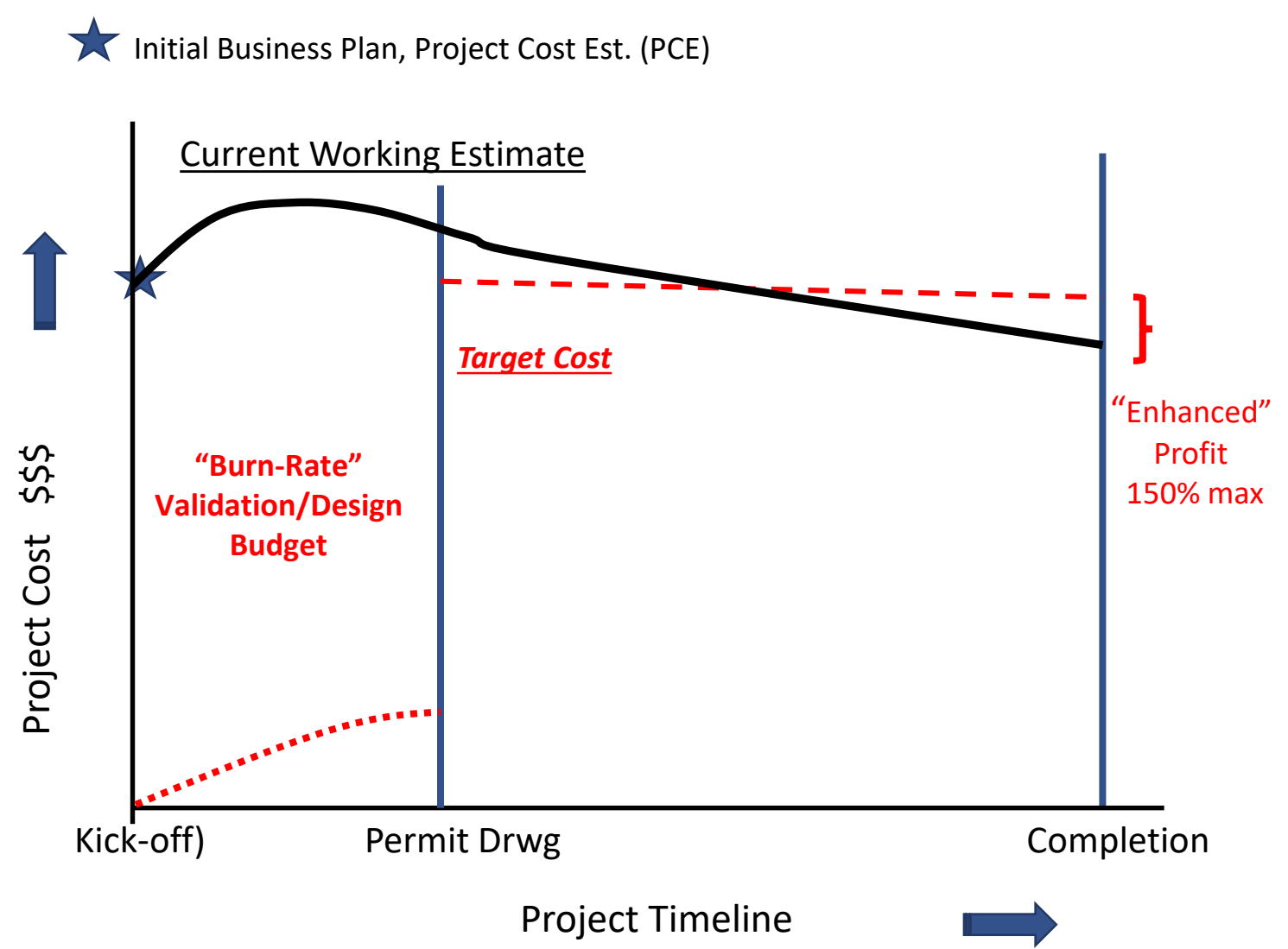
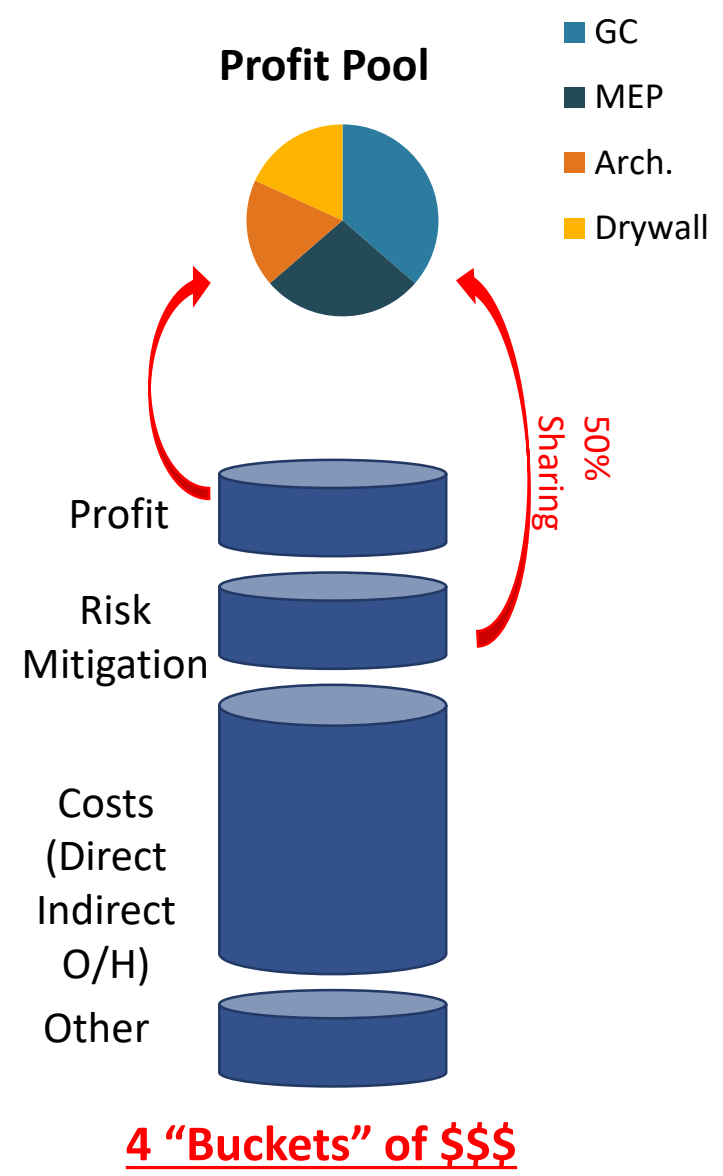
A3 Dashboard Reporting

THE OAKS HOSPITAL - BUDGET TRACKING SHEET

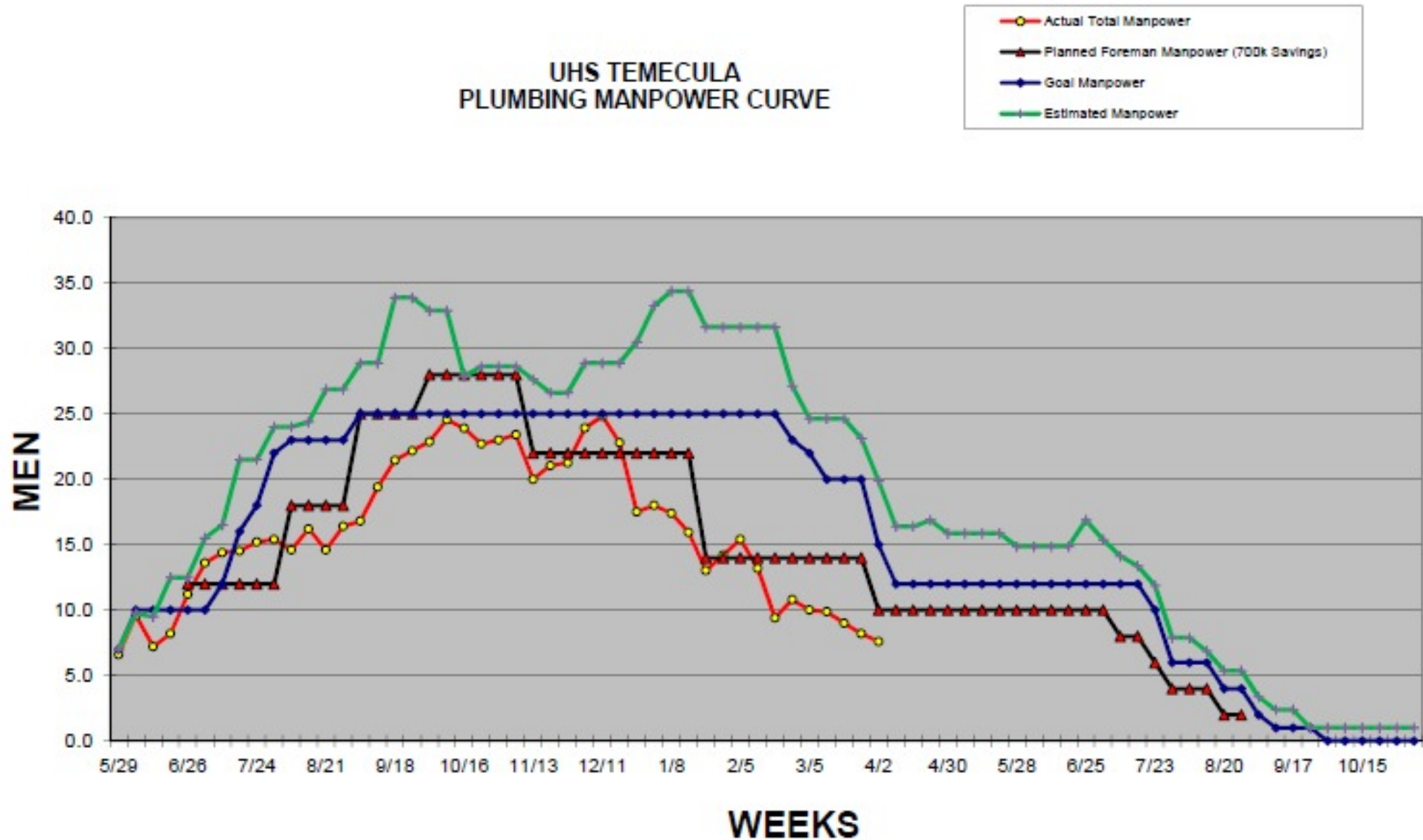
CLUSTER GROUPS	PRE-LIM TARGET BUDGET	PRE-LIM TARGET BUDGET	PRE-LIM TARGET BUDGET	PROGRESS BUDGET	PROGRESS BUDGET	PROGRESS BUDGET	PROGRESS BUDGET	PROGRESS BUDGET	PROGRESS BUDGET	PROGRESS BUDGET	PROGRESS BUDGET	CLUSTER GROUPS
	10/12/2011	11/2/2011	11/9/2011	11/16/2011	11/23/2011	11/30/2011	12/7/2011	12/14/2011	12/21/2011	12/28/2011	1/4/2011	
PRE CONSTRUCTION	\$ 750,000	\$ 750,000	\$ 750,000									PRE CONSTRUCTION
CONSTRUCTION	\$ 16,182,206	\$ 15,020,577	\$ 14,000,127									CONSTRUCTION
DESIGN	\$ 987,823	\$ 762,137	\$ 723,052									DESIGN
FF&E	\$ 1,930,200	\$ 1,930,200	\$ 1,551,598									FF&E
MISC. COSTS	\$ 190,518	\$ 135,518	\$ 135,518									MISC. COSTS
CONTINGENCY	\$ 964,537	\$ 892,422	\$ 820,515									CONTINGENCY
TOTAL	\$ 21,005,285	\$ 19,490,854	\$ 17,980,810	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	TOTAL



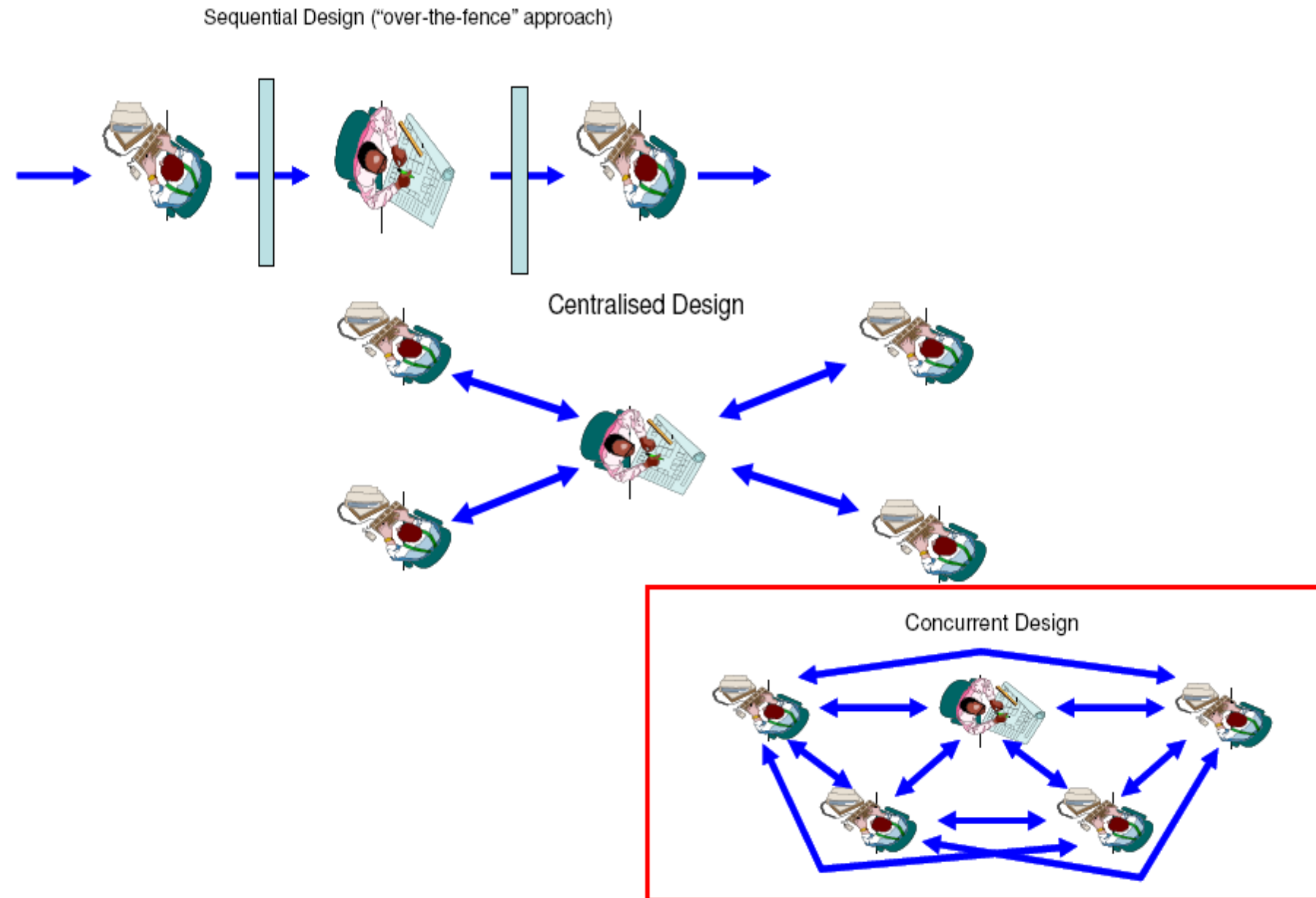
“THE Deal” Universal Health Services



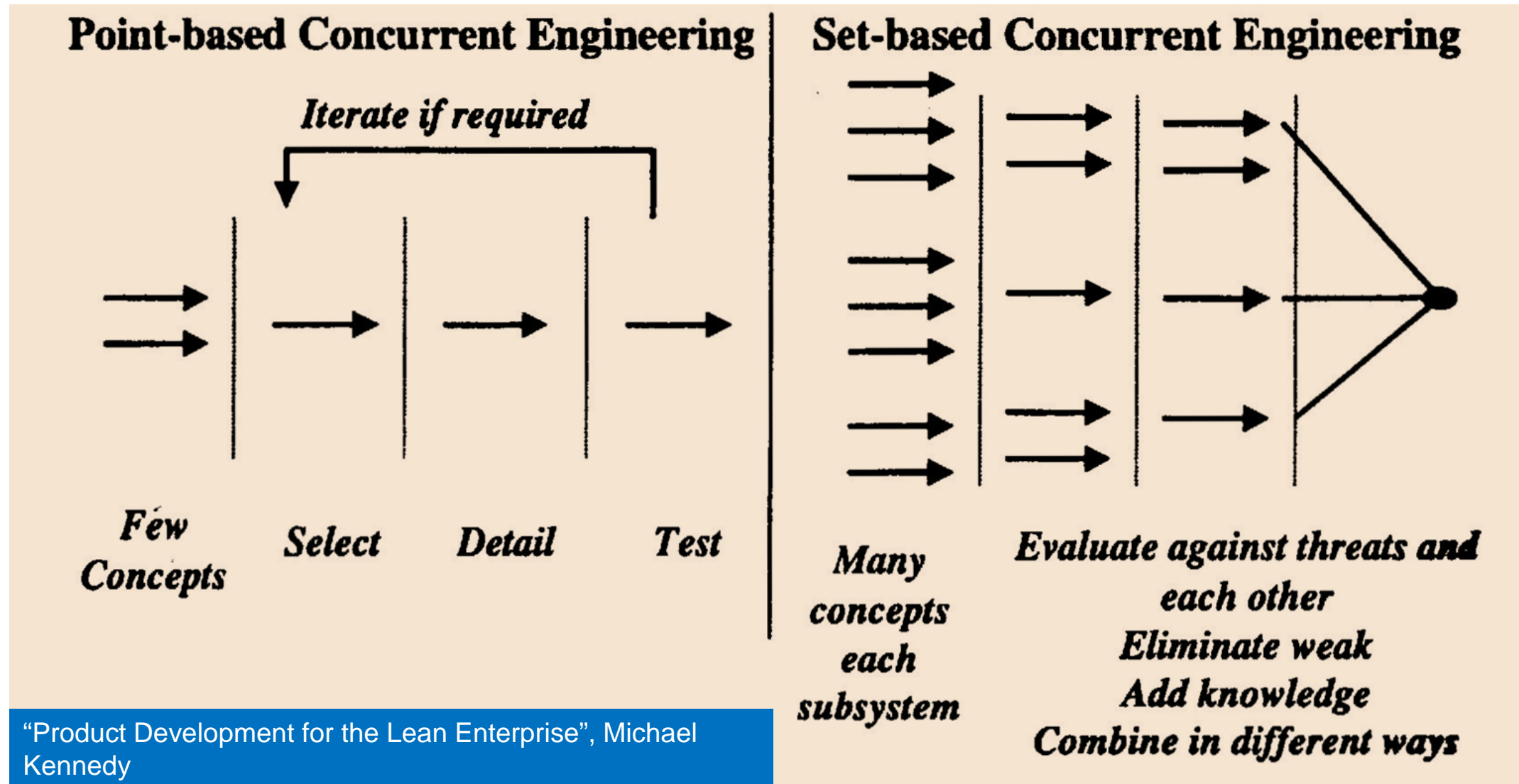
UHS Temecula Hospital Labor Curves



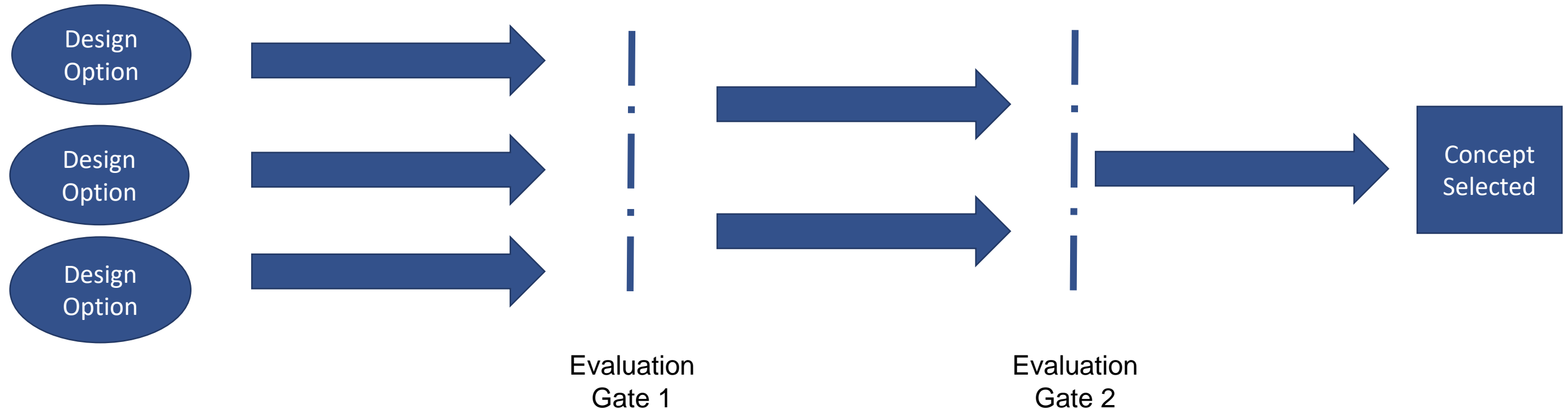
The Evolution of the Design Process



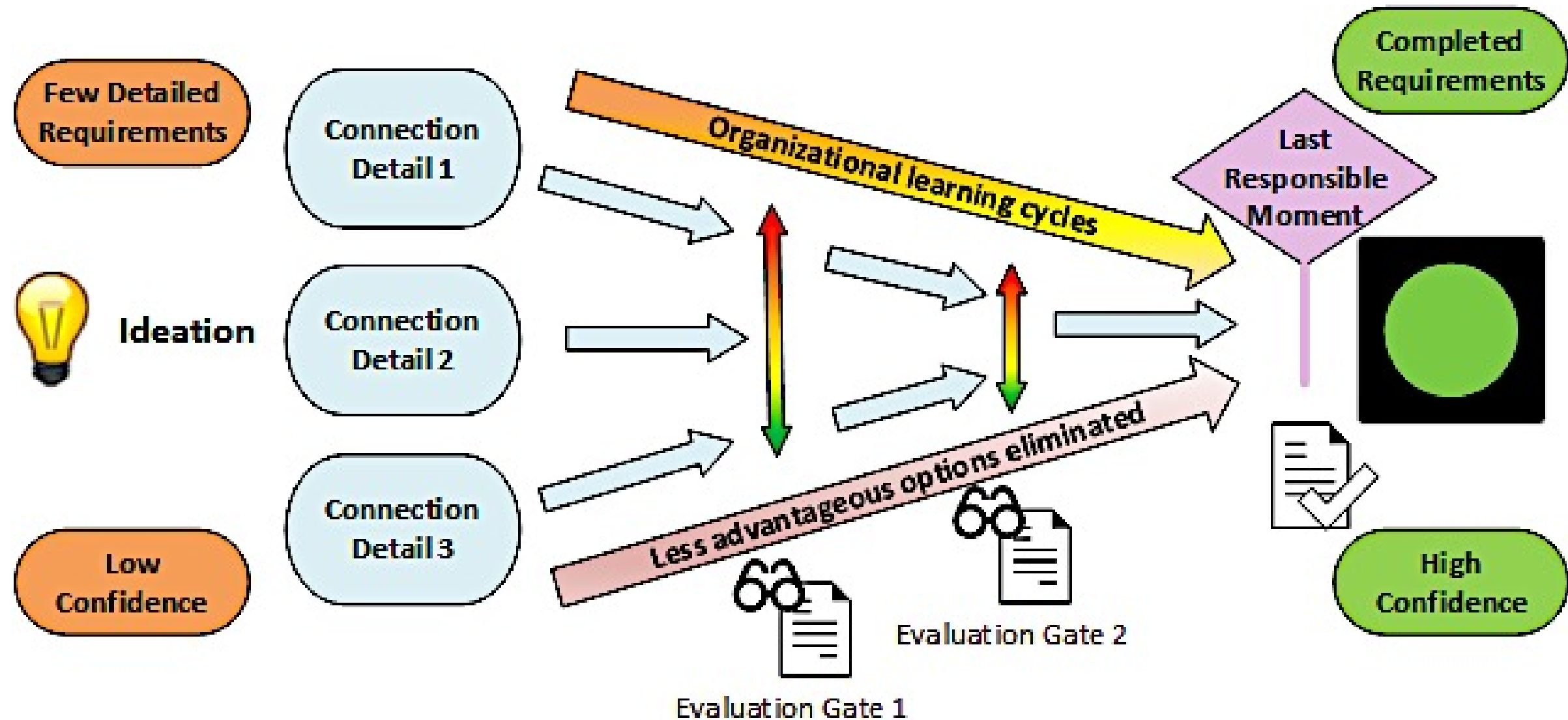
Set-Based Design



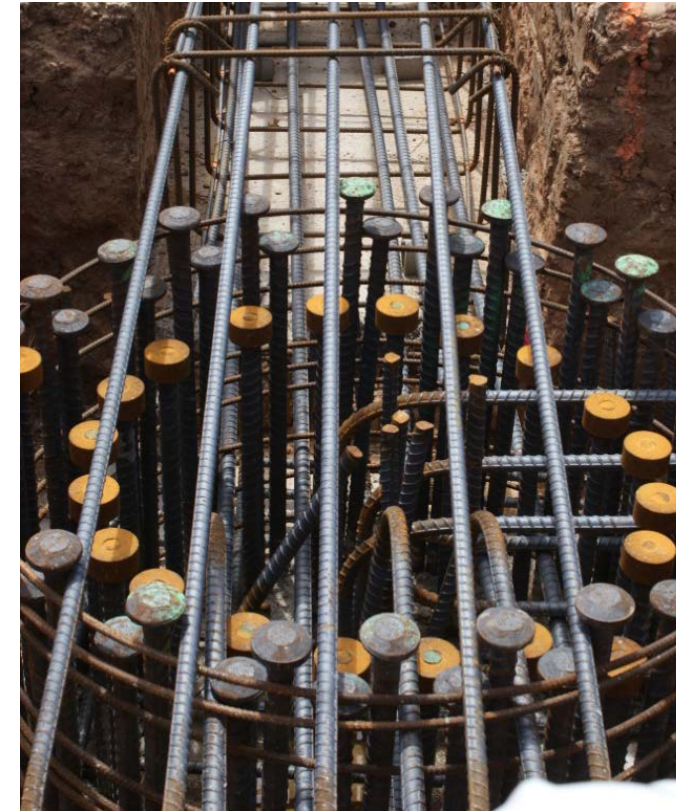
Set-Based Design



Set-Based Design – Structural Connection Example

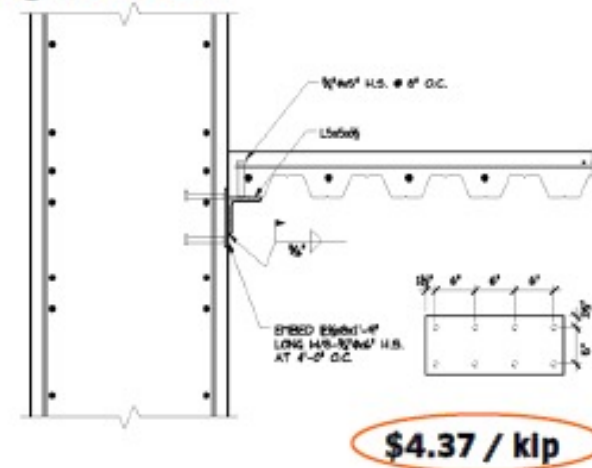


Rebar Alternatives

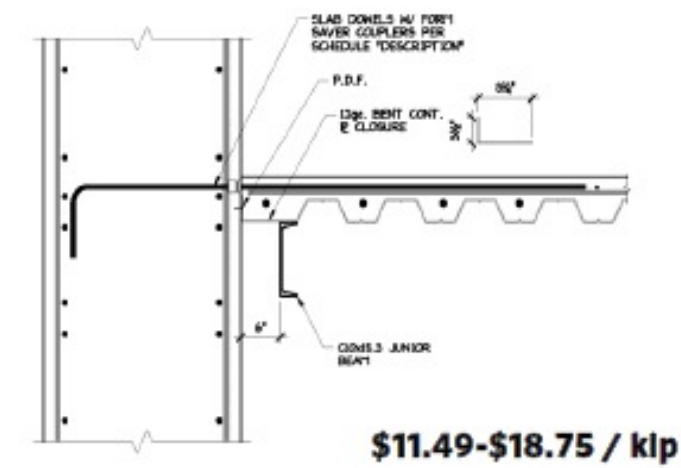


Set-Based Design – Connection Example

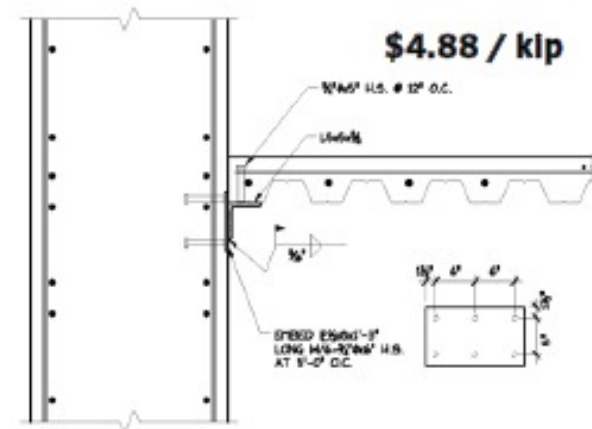
Design To Suit



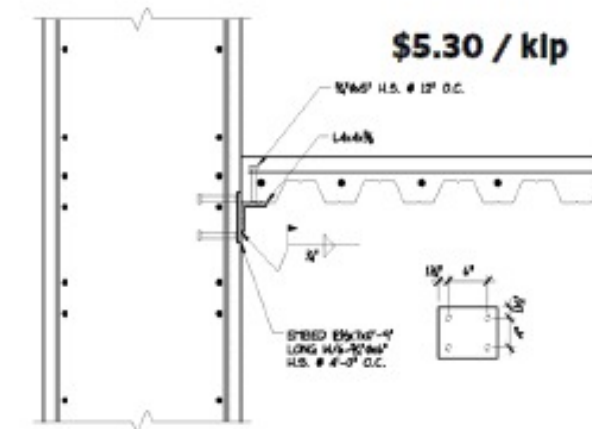
C 4'-0" SPACING OF EMBED PLATES
DECK STUDS AT 8" O.C.



D 4'-0" SPACING OF EMBED PLATES
DECK STUDS AT 8" O.C.



A 5'-0" SPACING OF EMBED PLATES
DECK STUDS AT 12" O.C.



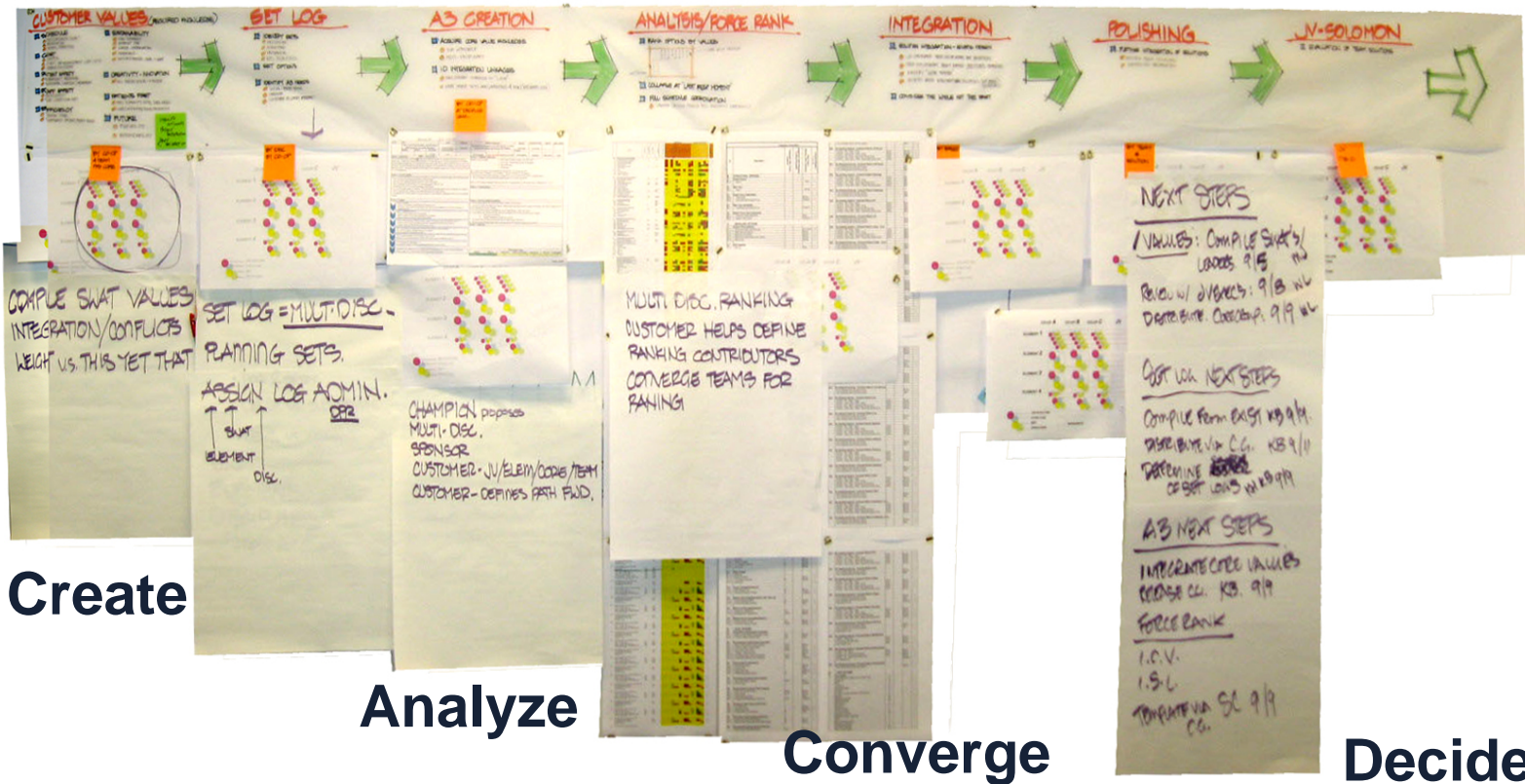
B 4'-0" SPACING OF EMBED PLATES
DECK STUDS AT 12" O.C.

Courtesy: Tipping Mar

Set-Based Solutions



From CPR Program



San Diego Community College District Experience with TVD

Wouldn't It Be Nice If You Could...



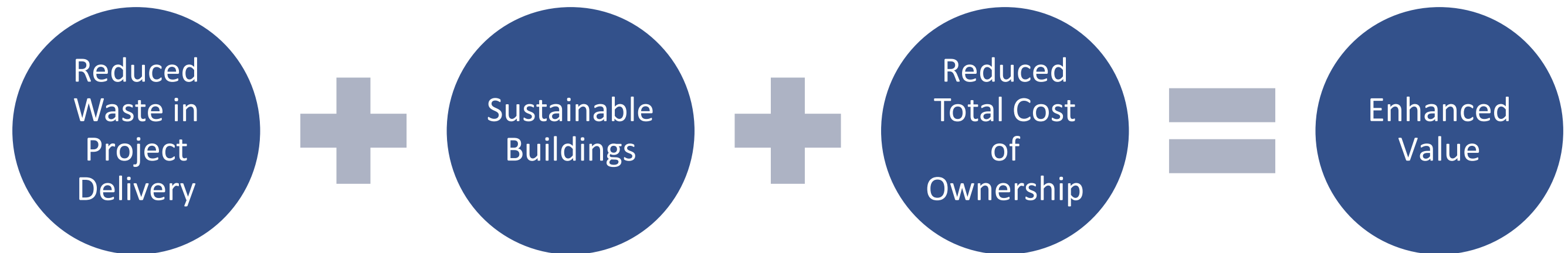
Average Savings of \$900,000 on each of 15 projects

Reduce Average Schedule Delay by 56 days

Enhance Sustainability Objectives by 44%

Reduce Facilities Maintenance Costs by 53%

Public Owner Benefits



Target Value Design



11 Projects

Avg. Value:
US\$21.8M

83% Met Target Cost; Avg. 7% Below
Target Cost

Sustainability as a Core Value

LEED Gold Projects



20%

Direct Contract with Architect

26%

Post-Lean

44%

Target Value Design



Personal Lessons Learned



- Clearly define value at the beginning of the project
- Understand the business case constraints
- Specialty trade contractor involvement early is essential!
- Concurrent contemporaneous estimating is crucial!
- Report target cost status first, then design progress
- Document design decision-making process through A3 Reports
- Consider life cycle costs in design analysis
- Use Last Planner[®] during design

This concludes The American Institute of Architects
Continuing Education Systems Course

Lean Construction Institute



info@leanconstruction.org



Questions?



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619-201-8483 (0)



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MAY 31-JUNE 1 • CHICAGO, IL

In the spirit of continuous improvement, we would like to remind you to complete this session's survey in the Design Forum app! We look forward to receiving your feedback.

